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The Pittsburgh Gazette

A WORTHY CANDIDATE.

The loyal voters of the Commonwealth ask no higher tribute to the worth and character of Judge Williams than the following neat compliment paid him by the only daily Democratic paper of Western Pennsylvania the day following his nomination. It said:

"The nomination of the Hon. Henry W. Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court is a good one. He was the best man named before the Republican Convention, and possesses legal and moral qualifications for the responsible position to which he has been nominated. Both parties have now presented their candidates. An important duty has been faithfully discharged by the respective conventions. The campaign may now be conducted *without personal aspersions*, and decided upon the principles of the two great parties. This is as it should be. It is an auspicious sign of the times, and if the county conventions are equally fortunate in the selection of legislative candidates there will be a stop put to the deplorable corruption at the seat of government under a new reign of honest men and conscientious legislators.—*Pittsburgh Post, June 28th, 1867.*

The *Post*, in referring to the above, on the 29th of August, was pleased to say

"We have nothing to take back or modify. Of Judge Williams' private or legal reputation we have nothing but words of praise, and however it may suit some pugnacious and heady politicians, we cannot bring ourselves to view personal assaults as either wise or politic."

THE New York *Tribune* was recently subject to pretty sharp discipline for finding fault with the Republicans of Pennsylvania because they held Judge SHARSWOOD to account for his political affinities. That discipline, though for the time not joyous, but rather grievous, has wrought out the desired fruit of juster conceptions. It now says:

"Ordinarily, it would be a matter of small consequence whether a Republican or a Democrat should be chosen to the bench of the Supreme Court, but in the present instance the case is vitally important. Judge Sharswood is the standard-bearer of a principle, and that principle inspires the foes of speedy and just reconstruction. His triumph would be that of the party which opposed the war, and has since labored to pervert its natural results. His election would be a Copperhead victory."

On the heel of such amendment we do not like to be captious; but we cannot help suggesting to writers on the editorial columns of our metropolitan contemporary, that a valuable annual is published in New York, known as the "Tribune Almanac." If they will only consult it when discoursing upon candidates and election returns in this Commonwealth, they will avoid a reputation for incessant and stupid blundering, while assuming an air of the nicest definiteness. Last year in the Luzerne and Susquehanna District, Mr. W. W. KETCHUM was not the Republican candidate for Congress, but Mr. JAMES ARCHBALD was. This is a small matter; but, of late, the *Tribune* seldom avoids blundering in this way. It is fast losing its character for exactness of political knowledge.

GEN. POPE, it appears, undertakes to justify his refusal to attack the enemy, by advancing the testimony of some rebel General to show that he was prepared for any movement that might have been made. This will not cover the case, even admitting the statement to be true. Porter did not disobey orders in consequence of what he knew of the position and force of the enemy. He made no such averment on his trial. If he had knowledge that made the execution of orders sent him impolitic, he should promptly have sent the information to his superior. The truth is, Porter did not act upon such knowledge. At best, he has discovered, at this late day, a condition of affairs that synchronizes with his fault, and seeks to plead it as an excuse. Even the existence of the fact he alleges could not exculpate him. We do not believe any such fact existed.

THE DEMOCRATS find it convenient to have short memories. Professing to be filled with alarm at the increase of taxation in this country, they altogether ignore the fact that their own conduct led to the war and all the burdens it imposes.

"Every State that went into the Rebellion was a Democratic State. In so going they yielded to the natural tendency of the Democratic party.

All the men at the North who sustained or sympathized with the Rebellion were Democrats, inspired thereto by the doctrines of the party.

If there had been no Rebellion there would be no taxation. If there had been no taxation the Rebellion would not have been put down.

No wonder the Democrats are sensitive on the subject of taxation.

GARIBALDI has not renounced his intentions on Rome, and if cable rumor can be relied upon, to-morrow will prove an eventful day to the city on seven hills, as it has been designated for the long threatened attack of the revolutionists. It is not improbable that the movement will be made, but France will hardly look calmly on as a disinterested spectator. A large body of French troops are stationed at Toulon, and it may be safely conjectured that they will be thrown towards Rome to defeat the prospects of Garibaldi just as victory seems within his grasp, unless, indeed, he is sufficiently strong to cope with all comers.

THE PRESIDENT begins to comprehend that the District Commanders are actually under an authority superior to his, and that is the authority of the laws; and that for him to intermeddle with them in the performance of that duty would clearly expose him to impeachment. It may be taken, at least, as evidence of alarm on his part, that he now confesses his prerogatives to be limited, and that the laws set up barriers he may not pass.

CONTRARY to the sentiment of the entire people, the notorious Dr. Blackburn, the villain who endeavored to introduce the yellow fever into the North during the rebellion, has found pardon under the Amnesty Proclamation, and is now on his way to New Orleans, where he will practice medicine, and probably will be lionized by those who opposed Sheridan.

As the State Fair will doubtless attract large numbers of strangers to the city during next week, retailers and others might possibly find a free use of the advertising columns of the GAZETTE of benefit to them.

IT WILL be observed by our telegrams that the next annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, of Pennsylvania, will be held in this city.

THE New York *Times* was just "sweet sixteen" on Thursday last. For that age it is right smart, although a little wild and giddy sometimes.

VOLUME LXXXII.---NO. 218. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

WASHINGTON CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
WASHINGTON, Sept. 20, 1867.

THE PRESIDENT ON THE SITUATION.

The New York *Times'* special says: As an indication of the President's latest temper on the situation of reconstruction affairs, witness the following abstract of his views as recently expressed in conversation with certain politicians who called upon him for the purpose of urging him to re-open registration in the South: He informed them that he could not do so without incurring a certain risk of impeachment, and admitted that the reconstruction laws confer on the District Military Commanders sole control over registration. His only power of interference was the removal of commanders when they failed to execute the laws in accordance with the views of their legal construction. He admitted that the District Commanders are acting under direct authority of Congress in the performance of a civil duty, and that if he should attempt to assume power as Commander in-Chief to control the time or the registration, by holding aloof, they would have the right to refuse to obey his orders, and they would not be amenable to punishment for such willful disobedience if they did so. He stated that the recent promulgation of the Amnesty Proclamation threw upon Congress the duty of depriving legally qualified voters right to register and vote. He hoped that the southern people would appreciate it in that light. As any of the pardoned masses, he continued, attempt to register and are refused, the Courts are open to them, and they can compel the military to allow them to register through the Courts. If they do not do so, he concluded the fault of their disfranchisement is with Congress, as he claims that he has done all that he could do to restore them to their rights.

CONSERVATIVE-DEMOCRATIC CALL.

A great Conservative-Democratic mass meeting for Washington County, the approaching country in Maryland, is called, to be held at Hagerstown on Saturday next. Reverdy Johnson, Jerry Black, Montgomery Blair, and others, are announced to speak.

WAR OFFICE AND GEN. McCLELLAN.

It has transpired that President Johnson, immediately subsequent to the removal of Secretary Stanton, tendered the War Office to General McClellan, and that the offer was promptly refused by that gentleman. In this connection it will be interesting to know that the efforts to obtain the appointment of General Steedman have not yet been abandoned, although the premature publication of Mr. Gresley's letter recommending him for the place has blocked the game, as it was intended to be used only for the purpose of influencing the Senate when the nomination was sent to it for confirmation.

STILL "CUTTING DOWN" EXPENSES.

General Grant enforces economy in the expenditures of his department with an unsparing hand. He has recently ordered the members of his staff to turn in all the public property around headquarters—horses, wagons, etc., and the staff gentlemen who have always been very circumspect and *modest*(?) in matters of military display are now cut off from Government transportation as effectually as any private gentleman.

SICKLES AND HANCOCK.

Major General Sickles this morning had an interview with Gen. Grant. Gen. Hancock will leave Washington in a few days for St. Louis, but will not for some weeks proceed to New Orleans.

TOKEN OF RESPECT.

The flags of all the public buildings are at half mast, as a token of respect to the memory of Sir Frederick Bruce.

THE TREASURY.

The Treasury receipts since the 1st inst., from customs was $10,054,000 coin, and from internal revenue, $4,000,000 in currency. Amount of gold in the Treasury, $59,697,000; gold certificates, $16,598,000.

DISORDER IN THE CITY.

General Emory has issued a circular calling upon regimental and company officers to use the utmost vigilance to guard against a recurrence of the disturbances of the past few days, which resulted in two cases of unprovoked murder. They are to prosecute all offenders, whether liquor or soldiers under the prohibitory law of 1861.

CONVENTION OF EX-ARMY OFFICERS.

Dispatches from Richmond state preparations are being made for the Convention of ex-United States officers, which is to be held on the 25th inst. Letters have been received by the Executive Committee from all portions of the State, and the prospect is there will be a full Convention.

ARRIVAL OF SHERIDAN.

General Sheridan arrived this evening.

PANAMA, SOUTH AMERICA AND AUSTRALIA

Steamer from Aspinwall—Panama Railroad Change—Peruvian Annexation Canard—Acosta Government Recognized by the Monchestre—Mosquera Quiets Down—Peruvian Revolutionary Schemes in Ecuador and Panama—Affairs in Chili, &c., &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—The steamer Arizonas, from Aspinwall, brings one million three hundred and fifty thousand dollars in California treasure. Gen. Tompkins is a passenger. He brings the new Panama Railroad contract extending the charter ninety-nine years.

Panama dates are to the 12th. A letter has been published at Panama from F. A. Burton, late Minister to Columbia, denying the allegations that he endeavored to effect a treaty annexing the Isthmus to the United States.

The Panama legislature is in session.

The Acosta government is fully recognized by the merchants at a mass meeting in Bogota.

Mosquera is still a prisoner.

An insurrection at Boyacon was suppressed.

Lopez has given his adhesion to the government.

Herara had been defeated and was fleeing.

Regular peace now reigns throughout the interior.

Julius Kroehl, late engineer of the American navy, died at Panama on the 8th, where he was engaged in the construction of pearl diving machinery.

Two Americans were killed and one badly wounded in Cartagena by soldiers.

A revolution in the neighborhood of Barbadoes was suppressed and two hundred arrests made.

A party of Ecuadorians were reported to have captured the seaport town of Tumaco, and were levying contributions. They are supposed to be operating in conjunction with revolutionists in the interior.

The steamer China left Panama on the 4th for San Francisco.

A revolutionary scheme in Peru was suppressed. The intention of the conspirators was to assassinate Prado and proclaim Canseco President. Prado was to be declared constitutional President. The Constitution was to be published in a month. The organic laws will be given within sixty days and Congress dissolved.

The steamers Mayores and Aurora, bought in the United States for the Peruvian Government, were abandoned as useless.

Australian news to August 1st was received via Panama. A suitable reception was to be given Prince Alfred. The country districts were recovering from the effects of the late floods. Two pilots and three of their crews were drowned in an attempt to board a ship during a gale. Gen. Latham, late Confederate Consul, had entered on his duties at Melbourne.

Heavy gales on the New Zealand coast had done damage to the amount of sixty thousand pounds.

NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
NEW YORK, September 20, 1867.

CIGAR SMUGGLERS.

Henry Hart and J. McCormick have been arrested, charged, with four others, with smuggling $80,000 worth of cigars, and held to bail in $150,000.

THE WHISKEY FRAUDS.

The principal owners of the Kentucky Bourbon establishments, here before Commissioner White to-day, charged by Collector Bailey with defrauding the Revenue, by carrying on the rectifying business without license, using spurious brands, removing liquors without inspection, &c. Their names are C. H. Sanborn, D. Meesmore, A. H. Wells and T. F. Finklan. They were held bail in $7,000 each. In turn they have commenced two suits against Collector Bailey, in the Superior Court, for $40,000 and $45,000 dollars respectively in $80,000 and 40,000 dollars. Meesmore is a brother of Assessor Meesmore, of the Metropolitan Board of Metropolis. Over a million is involved in these cases.

ARRIVAL OF VESSELS.

The Austrian sloop of war Empress Elizabeth arrived to-day from Havana. The steamship North American arrived from Rio Janeiro, August 25, Para September 7, and St. Thomas 13th.

At Para great preparations were being made to celebrate the opening of the Amazon river on the 7th inst.

The United States steamers Guerriere, Pawnee and Kansas are at Rio, all well.

HOBOKEN RACES.

The steeple chase was won by General Williams beating Ziggag and Oakland. In the hurdle race Dayglish beat durrygown. Mile heats; time 2:11½ and 2:14; $600 purse. Jubal beat Oakland, Susie M. and Passaic, the latter second in both heats; time, 2:31. For Susie M.; time, 1:52. For the post stake purse, two mile heats, James Connolly beat Morrisey; time, 3:43 and 3:42½.

ODD FELLOWSHIP.

The Grand Lodge of Odd-Fellows to-day granted leave to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania to hold their next annual meeting at Pittsburgh. The Grand Sire is granting warrants to Colorado encampment No. 1, and other lodges and encampments in Colorado and Montana. Was approved.

WHISKEY EXPLOSION.

An explosion of whiskey this morning was caused by the burning of Rosen's distillery, Navy street, Brooklyn. Two men were badly burned.

BANK TROUBLE—CASHIER MISSING.

Reports are circulating here of trouble at the Stonington Bank, Connecticut, and the cashier is said to be missing.

THE CINCINNATI EXCURSIONISTS Left last night for Albany.

FROM THE PACIFIC.

Hong Kong-Shanghai Telegraph—Recent Tragedy at Jeddo—Deaths from Hydrophobia—Rising Shares from Yokohama—Arrival of the Colorado from Yokohama.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—The China Overland Mail denies the report that the Hong Kong-Shanghai Telegraph scheme will be abandoned. On the contrary material is on the way for its construction forthwith, and some of it already received.

The Hong Kong inquest concerning the Jeddo tragedy resulted in several of the Chinese being held for wilful murder and handed over to the Portuguese Consul.

The Agamemnon is undergoing repairs in dock.

Two Europeans died at Shanghai from hydrophobia. All unmuzzled dogs were being shot.

The Hankow Chamber of Commerce discussed the project of insisting upon cash payment's from the Chinese, but abandoned it as having a tendency to throw business into the hands of native merchants.

The opium hulk John Adams was sold to the British Government for $7,500, to be used as quarters for the water police at Hong Kong.

The news from China and Japan is generally unimportant. The North China *Herald* gives an account of the cruise of the Shenandoah in search of a suitable port for an American establishment on the west coast of Japan. General Van Valkenburg accompanied Commodore Pickering through. The cruise extended from July 12th to 18th. Numerous places were visited, having from three to thirty-five thousand inhabitants. The people everywhere were very friendly, sometimes timid. What will be the result of the expedition is not stated, except that the point aimed at in the treaty was not adopted.

The foreign commerce bark Milan cleared from San Francisco to-day for Japan, in charge of building material for the Government.

The overland mail last night brought dates from New York to August 28th.

The *Bulletin* has advices from Chili that J. L. Hurlburt and Henry Meiggs have a contract with a French company for fifty millions of dollars to remove immense deposits of guano from the Chincha Island, jointly by Bolivia and Chili.

Mining shares continue to droop; Alpha, 26; Ophir Point, 78; Gould & Curry, 32½; Hale & Norcross, 34½; Belcher, 21½; Crown Point, 27½; Chollar Potosi, 33. Legal Tenders, 69 @ 69¼.

The Pacific mail steamer Colorado arrived from Yokohama, July 31st, Hong Kong this morning, six days sooner than was expected. She found the Costa Rica at Yokohama July 27th; reached Hong Kong August 5th; had three deaths among the cabin passengers; returning, left Hong Kong August 10th, reached Yokohama 20th, and left on the 24th for San Francisco. She brings three hundred and sixty-two Chinese steerage passengers and eleven hundred and forty tons of merchandise. She had moderate weather and good health. Twenty-nine of the passengers were Japanese, two hundred and sixty-five Chinese—fifty-five bound for New York.

The United States steamer Shubrick went ashore on the 8th inst., in a fog, thirty miles below Cape Mendocino. She was returning from a trip to convey light house material. It is not known whether she can be saved.

The Yokohama *Herald* reports frequent murders in Nagaski, and the existence of much apprehension in consequence.

Business was arrested by the great annual holiday of the Japanese. The fete of Napoleon was celebrated at Yokohama with great eclat, all foreign nationalities participating.

Tea quoted at $24@33 per picul. Silk depressed fully $20@30.

The *Herald* declares that the proposition to recall the British troops from Japan unwise. Their presence prevents violence against foreigners.

AFFAIRS IN CHINA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 16.—The following dispatch from Shanghai, dated August 16, was delayed at the post office in this city by a clerical error:

The continued drought in China is ascribed by the anti-foreign party at Pekin to the proposal of the Tsung Li Yamen to employ foreign instructors in astronomy and mathematics. The Emperor received numerous petitions to prohibit such invasion of the ancient customs. Prince Hung, regent, is abused, and offers his resignation, which was not accepted. One million taels are to be raised by taxation or levy to supply the army of North China, and relief to the sufferers from the drought at Chefoo, six hundred miles from Shanghai. Great fear is still felt from the Nienfei rebels. The proffegee on the English gunboat. One goodness sent is that he shows his gratitude by allowing scientific men on board to examine the coal mines forty miles from Chefoo, which probably lead to the first railroad in China.

The Mahomedan rebels in Yunnawa carry everything before them. They have declared Sin Emperor.

The British Minister returned from a tour of the ports. At almost all he found infractions of the Treaty. At Amoy thirty to sixty cents was charged on foreign goods in transit to the interior, while the treaty allows only five per cent.

The Hong Kong Chamber of Commerce favor the revision of the tariff every year, and a reduction of the duty to five per cent. When the treaty is revised, all the powers concerned will be invited having railroads and telegraphs allowed.

The great tea failure of the English house of Mackellan & Co. caused great excitement at Hangkow among the native people. A mob of eighty attacked the British Consul Hall building offices, and Kicked and bruised him. No man-of-war was in port. The Chinese attempted to plunder the store.

The American think the United States should have a gunboat in the Yang Tse Kiang at once, to protect the river, as large interests are at stake. At Hangkow the imports by American steamers for the quarter ending June 4th were one million dollars. The river was very high again, and the country flooded for miles.

The American squadron now in China and Japan waters consists of six vessels, besides a supply ship. France is withdrawing her fleet from China waters, and while England and the United States are increasing theirs.

THE CALIFORNIA ELECTION.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—The returns from forty-eight counties, partly official, give Haight 42,850; Gorham, 35,740; Fay, 1,556. The returns of the vote for Congressmen have been received from a few counties only. It will not be known fully for several days, but it is certain only one Union candidate (Higby) is elected. The Union majority in the Senate is now positively known to be four, enough to prevent a repeal of the registry law, or division of the school fund, which is favored by a large portion of the Democratic party.

The advance in flour is twenty cents per barrel, making double rates $6.75@7.75. Wheat $2.00@2.05 per cwt. A disposition to hold is apparent among the farmers, a large acreage having been made in the crop by the export demand which continues unusually. The present time not favorable for Fenian objects.

The internal revenue collections of San Francisco for the month of August were $647,000. Treasure receipts, domestic, were $4,566,000.

Arrived: French Transport Dorane, Tahita, second trip for the Government; Mails, Robin Hood, New York, Ellen Sears, Baltimore, General Enoch Train, Liverpool, with over fifty thousand sacks of wheat.

Sentwich Islands dates to August 24th state that authority is expected at the Honolulu Senate will refuse to ratify the Reciprocity Treaty.

A coolie insurrection was prevented at Anomea plantation only by a display of force. Forty were arrested and fined.

Arizona advices to August 24th represent the indians as still numerous. Governor McCormick writes to General McDowell, imploring more troops, and stating that hostilities in the Indian Territory are unusually formidable and alarming, and the military force totally insufficient.

NEW ORLEANS.

Order Concerning Self-exiled Rebels—Yellow Fever Interments.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 20.—Gen. Mower has issued an order similar to that of General Canby regarding Confederates self-exiled, since returned, now subject to parole.

The interments from yellow fever for the twenty-four hours to this morning, were sixty-six.

Arrived from Europe.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—The steamship Ontario arrived shortly after midnight, making the passage from Liverpool in ten days and six hours. She brought three hundred passengers and a large cargo.

—In the matter of the seizure of the whiskey establishment of the Kentucky Bourbon Company, in the Fourth District, New York City, Collector Bailey has made affidavits before Deputy Secretary Commissioner White, preparatory to the beginning of criminal proceedings against Daniel Mesmore, Mr. Hardiman, and others. It is said eight thousand barrels of whiskey are subject to forfeiture.

Royal Pitching.

When poor Maximilian was yet Emperor of Mexico he gave a state dinner on one occasion, in which the gold and silver table ware which he brought with him from Miramar was put into service. All present were Mexicans, and no one present was of a lower rank than General; yet it was discovered after dinner that the guests had carried off with them —that is, stolen—a considerable proportion of the most valuable articles of table ware. Max said nothing, as all who sat at table professed to be his friends. This was not an astonishing incident to occur in Mexico, or for Mexicans. But what will be said to a statement made by the *Court Journal* about the watching of guests at a recent high dinner in London to prevent them from appropriating the gift-laden temptations upon the table? It seems that at one of the great receptions to England's illustrious Mohammedan guests, where royal personages were present at table, and where gold plate was profusely displayed, a number of the waiters who were employed in attending to the tables were *detectives* in disguise. It was not the Turks who were to be watched, but the noblemen and gentlemen of England. Of course they were not aware of the fact at the time, but the *Court Journal* thinks they must feel "curious" when they learn it. We should think they would—particularly those of them who filched a spoon or two—if any of them did such a thing.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

The Fenian Demonstration at Manchester.

RESCUED PRISONERS NOT FOUND.

Government Taken by Surprise at the Movement.

FATAL RESULTS OF THE RIOT.

Party of Action and Rome.

SUNDAY FIXED AS THE TIME FOR THE MOVEMENT.

Bismarck's Note about the Salzburg Conference

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ENGLAND.

THE FENIAN RIOT IN MANCHESTER—RESCUED PRISONERS STILL AT LARGE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—A special per cable, dated Manchester this morning, says it was quiet all night, but the police have been vigilant to prevent the escape of any of the rescued prisoners. All avenues of exit are closely watched. During the night several persons supposed to be implicated in the riot were arrested, some in their beds. It was reported early this morning that Kelley was recaptured, but it lacks confirmation.

It is a matter of surprise how speedily the mob dispersed and quiet was restored after the rescue was effected. The outbreak has taken the government by surprise. A strong force is being mustered to prevent further demonstration. One wounded policeman, it is reported, died last night. It is impossible to tell how many lives were lost in the affray. Several persons badly injured, and probably dead, were carried off by the mob. It is thought the mob had friends in the police, kept them informed of the movements of the police and prisoners.

ALL QUIET IN MANCHESTER.

MANCHESTER, Sept. 20.—Everything is quiet here. The rioters appear satisfied with their success, and there has been no more disturbances. No traces of the rescued prisoners, Kelley and Deasy, have been discovered, and it is thought they have succeeded in escaping from the city. The name of the policeman killed yesterday was Brett. Arrests continue of rioters. Among those in custody are Allen and Michael Larkin, charged with murdering Brett.

THE RESCUED PRISONERS SEEN AND AGAIN MAKE THEIR ESCAPE.

LONDON, September 20.—*Evening.*—A dispatch from Bradford reports that Kelly and Deasy were seen in that city this afternoon, but the police failed to arrest them and they again disappeared.

PRUSSIA.

BISMARCK AND THE SALZBURG CONFERENCE.

LONDON, September 20.—Count Bismarck recently addressed a circular note to the diplomatic representatives of Prussia in regard to the conferences of Napoleon and Francis Joseph at Salzburg. The document has just been published, and is the principal subject of an editorial discussion in the English and Continental newspapers. Bismarck says Prussia is willing to accept the representations made by France, that the conference at Salzburg should be regarded as a pledge of peace. He also makes many allusions to the union of the German States. The London journals comment favorably on this note, regarding it as pacific and tranquilizing.

The French press, while it seems disposed to find little fault with what Bismarck says, denounce the circular, because in all its reference to the German unity it completely ignores the treaty of Prague, and omits all allusions to the obligation under which Prussia rests to fulfill the stipulations of that solemn compact.

FRANCE.

MONETARY RESTRICTION.

PARIS, September 20.—It was the day for the annual statement of the account of the Credit Mobilier approaches, much disquietude is apparent on the Bourse. The operations of the Credit Mobilier exercise a powerful influence upon monetary affairs in France, and anxiety to know with exactitude its condition is correspondingly great.

IRELAND.

ANOTHER FENIAN ESCAPE.

DUBLIN, September 20.—Captain Osborne, one of the Fenian prisoners who made their escape from jail at Clonmel last night, has not been recaptured up to noon, though the jail guards started in immediate pursuit. The police are searching for him in every part surrounding where he is supposed to be still concealed.

ITALY.

GARIBALDI'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE MOVEMENT ON ROME.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The preparations of the party of action in Italy, in the revolutionary movement on Rome, are about complete. It is rumored that Sunday next is fixed by Garibaldi as the day upon which the long deferred attempt is to be made.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 20.—*Evening.*—Cotton quiet; sales to-day 12,000 bales. Manchester market buoyant. Breadstuffs dull. Provisions unchanged. Corn 41s 9d. for new mixed Western. California Wheat 12s. 8d. Barley 5s. 3d. Oats 3s. 10d. Pork 78s. Lard 57s. Tallow 44s. 6d. Cheese, 55s. Beef, 148s 6d. Pork, 71s. Lard, 54s. 6d. Bacon, 62s. 6d. Produce—Tallow, 44s. 6d. Other articles unchanged. London markets unchanged.

ANTWERP, Sept. 20.—Petroleum 35 francs.

LONDON, September 20.—*Evening.*—Consols, 94 11-16; Five-Twenties, 73½; Illinois Central, 77; Erie, 41½.

FRANKFORT, September 20.—*Evening.*—U. S. Bonds, 76½.

GEORGIA.

Gen. Pope Orders an Election on the 20th and 21st of November for Registration—Difficulty with Seabrook—Final Mandate.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ATLANTA, Ga., September 20.—The *Republican* contains the order of General Pope, directing an election to be held in Georgia, commencing on Thursday 26th October, to continue three days, at which registered voters may vote for a convention or against a convention, also for delegates for said convention. In case a majority of the voters so decide, the Senatorial districts, as established by State law, are adopted for the purpose of representation in the convention, which will consist of one hundred and eighty-nine delegates. The instructions are generally the same as issued for the election in Alabama.

COLUMBUS, Ga., September 20.—The steamboat Chipola, exploded her boilers eighteen miles below here yesterday. Six persons, two white, and four colored, all of them employees on the boat, were killed. The passengers were all saved. The boat was a total loss.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 20.—Col. S. Bucks and Governor's Aid-de-Camp, Capt. Pump Pickens, both of Charleston, have had a difficulty with a negro working on the place, which resulted in the shooting of the negro by Capt. Pickens. Next day (Sunday) two armed negroes went to the house to demand satisfaction of Lancaster. Several shots were exchanged, one of the negroes killed and the other wounded. Mr. Lancaster was badly wounded and had a horse killed. Mr. Lancaster and Mr. Noonan left on Monday for St. Mary, when an armed band of thirty negroes seized them. Noonan escaped by swimming the river. Lancaster was left in the hands of the negroes, and it is feared they killed him.

THE INDIAN WAR.

Attack on a Railroad Camp—Six Whites Killed and Five Mortally Wounded—Murderers Arrested at Fort Harker—Union Pacific Railroad.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ELLSWORTH, KANSAS, September 20.—The camp of Thomas Parker, railroad contractor, forty-six miles above Fort Hays, was attacked by Indians yesterday at noon. Forty men were in camp at the time of the attack. Parker and 5 of his men were killed and five mortally wounded. Eight Indians were killed. Parker's body was pierced by fifteen bullet, lance and arrow wounds.

Previous reports of the scalping of Sharpe and Shaw are untrue, but five men of their outfit were killed on Monday.

Two brothers named Farrell were arrested at Fort Harker to-day, charged with the murder of Frank Johnson, which occurred a few days ago.

The track of the Union Pacific Railroad is rapidly progressing, and has now reached a point fifteen miles from Fort Hays.

River Items.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, September 20.—River falling.

LOUISVILLE, September 20.—River stationery with 8 inches of water in the canal.

CANADA.

Troop Ship Detained at Quarantine—Cholera on Board—Tellers Fever Blackburn Going to New Orleans.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

QUEBEC, September 20.—The steam troop ship Himalyan, from England, with the 30th Regt. on board, is detained at quarantine Island, from the prevalence of Asiatic cholera.

TORONTO, September 20.—The celebrated Dr. Blackburn, of yellow fever notoriety, left Canada for New Orleans yesterday having obtained such permission under the late amnesty proclamation.

MONTREAL, September 20.—The directors of the Commercial Bank of Canada have made a report, recommending the redemption of stock to the amount of sixty per cent., to provide against possible losses. The business of the Bank is said to be in a favorable position.

INDIANA.

Murderer Reprieved—Immense Crowd Assembled to Witness the Execution—Fears of Lynch Law.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 20.—White, convicted of murder, sentenced to be hung at Anderson, Ind., to-day, has been respited by the Governor until the second week in October.

An immense crowd from all parts of the county was gathered at Anderson. The feeling of hostility against the murderer is so intense that it was feared White would be taken from jail and hung. The streets surrounding the jail are blocked by the crowd, who are clamorous for the execution.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 20.—The excitement at Anderson, Ind., in regard to the execution of murderer White, has subsided, and the crowd dispersed quietly.

RICHMOND, VA.

Suit by a Colored Man for Non-Admittance to a First Class Railroad Car—Trial Likely to Afford.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, Sept. 20.—Another negro today sued the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad Company for non-admittance to a first class car upon a first class ticket, purchased at New York. The company have determined to make a suit as a test of the question for railroad companies South.

General Mulford enters upon his duties as Revenue Collector here in October.

TENNESSEE

Cruteschield House Partially Destroyed by Fire—Loss $150,000.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 20.—The Cruteschield House was totally destroyed by fire this evening. The fire was caused by the upsetting of a number of lamps in the oil room. Little property was saved, except in the lower stories. There were several narrow escapes, but no lives lost. Other buildings in the rear were damaged by spread, but not seriously. The loss is about $150,000; insured for $45,000.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Political Excitement—Republican Organ denounces Holden—Mass Meeting Called.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RALEIGH, N. C., September 20.—The *Register*, edited by Samuel H. Boyden, the recognized organ of the Republican party of the State, denounces the recent Radical Convention bitterly and excommunicates Holden and his followers.

The Constitutional Union men will hold an immense mass meeting on the 27th. A large number of leading and prominent citizens have signed the call.

CINCINNATI.

Aid For the New Orleans Howard Association.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, September 20.—In response to a telegram from the Howard Association in New Orleans, asking assistance, the Chamber of Commerce donated five immediately, and appointed a committee of sixteen to collect subscriptions from the citizens generally, for the same object. Measures will be taken immediately to carry out the object.

Daring Burglaries.

It appears from the following, which we clip from the *Norristown Republican*, that burglars do not confine their operations to large cities, but occasionally favor the country town with an exhibition of their daring exploits:

On Wednesday night there were three dwellings entered by burglars and robbed of various articles of value. The robberies were all committed by persons of the same parties. Their operations on DeKalb street were confined to the residence of William H. Slingluff, Esq., Cashier of the Montgomery National Bank, and not known at what hour of the night an entrance was effected here, as no one in the house was disturbed. It was not until after the robbery until about six o'clock in the morning. Mr. S. upon rising found his pantaloons pockets turned inside out, and was discovered the house had been entered through the front door by turning the key with skippers. The plunder here consisted of a small quantity of silverware, amounting to the value of about $145, in all amounting to a considerable sum. Mr. Fuller's residence, at the corner of DeKalb and Oak streets, was also entered and robbed of about $30 in gold and silver coin. Their next operation was at the residence of William R. Lesher, on corner of Swede and Oak. Mr. L. was awakened by the noise of some one opening a noise in his chamber. He remarked that there must be a rat in the room. The noise ceasing he again composed himself to rest just in time to hear the hasty departure of footsteps down the steps and out of the front door, which they had also entered by applying nippers to the key. Their work here seemed through three doors, which they opened in a similar manner before finding admittance to the latter's room. They carried off a gold watch, gold chain and eye glasses, a small amount of money, and several articles of wearing apparel, amounting in all to an out $200. We hear that other residences in the borough and also in Bridgeport were visited, but the night to both the parties were not very successful. This account paid upon the town will place our people upon their guard. The perpetrators have not yet been detected, neither is it suspected who they are.

The Markets in Warren County.

The result of the important case of the Commonwealth vs. Miss Martha M. J. Marks, Hyman Marks and Jacob Jacobs, tried at Warren, Pa., a short time since, was briefly announced in the GAZETTE by telegraph. The Titusville *Herald*, referring to it says:

"The facts in the case, as disclosed by the evidence on the trial, briefly, that about the 1st of December, 1866, one of the defendants, a dry goods merchant, located and doing business at Titusville, having bought on credit a large stock of goods, and unable to delay longer by confessing judgment to some friends and confederates to the amount of $12,000, executed a bill of sale to them, and placed in the sheriff's hands. Meanwhile, the defendants quietly packed up their goods and shipped them to different parts of the country. Some of these went to the city of Pittsburgh, where they were disposed of, but he could find of Marks' goods anywhere at Titusville, the goods were returned to the store, and the sale was opened again in the defendant name of Miss Martha M. Marks acting in the subordinate capacity of clerk. Mr. Claflin & Co., of New York, one of the largest creditors in the country, therefore caused the arrest and indictment of the defendants, and their trial resulted in the conviction of the three. They supported as it was by forgery, perjury and subordination of perjury, and all the cunning and dastardly expedients by which dishonesty seeks to hide its guilt from detection. The trial, however, resulted in the conviction of all the defendants. The sentence of Mr. Marks was that he pay costs of prosecution, a fine of $250, and undergo an imprisonment for one year. The sentence of the other defendants was that each pay a fine of $100 and undergo six months imprisonment. This decision produced a good deal of excitement throughout the oil regions, and the result will be a warning to like operators in this county, as the zeal and determination of New York mercantile houses in pursuing as far as the machinery of the law will allow those who attempt to cheat and defraud them."

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—A vast concourse of people assembled at the Opera House last evening to pay tribute to Miss Thompson on the occasion of her farewell benefit. The piece selected for the occasion was Stocqueler's "Jonquil," with Miss Thompson and Kate Bates in the leading roles, and of course it was done to perfection. At the Matinee this afternoon, "Jonquil" in the Morning will be presented, and from the cast it cannot fail to render satisfaction. For the evening the "sensational family" in the hills, with Michael Earl for an afterpiece.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.—Miss Rila La Rue, the California Diamond, created quite a sensation at the Trimble Varieties last night. The house, as is usually the case, was full. In addition to Miss La Rue, there were other attractions, not the least of which were Miss Annie Worthington, the charming Terpsichorean, and the Clark Brothers, who, as commedians and vocalists, have no superiors. They should all be seen and heard to be fully appreciated.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Beethoven's Grand Oratorio, Christ on Mount Olivet, will be produced at the Academy of Music, Thursday evening, September 26th, under the direction of F. Puechtiger.

MASONIC HALL.—The panorama of the life of Abraham Lincoln will be on exhibition at Masonic Hall, on Monday evening. This is said to be one of the finest productions ever presented to the public, and the subject is of the most interesting character. S. K. Murdock, the celebrated Shakespearian reader, will deliver the lecture, the announcement of which is of itself sufficient to insure a crowded house.

PITTSBURGH THEATR

The Pittsburgh Gazette

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1867.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY WARREN WILLIAMS,

Of Allegheny County.

SENATE:

RUSSELL ERRETT, of Robinson Tp.

ASSEMBLY:

GEORGE WILSON, Oakland.
WILLIAM R. FORD, City.
ALEXANDER MILLER, McKeesport.
AUGUSTUS BECKERT, Reserve Tp.
GEORGE R. RIDDLE, Allegheny.
DAVID L. SMITH, Allegheny.

PROTHONOTARY:

JACOB M. WALTER, City.

TREASURER:

Col. J. P. DENNISTON, Liberty Tp.

COMMISSIONER:

A. PILLOW, Tarentum.

CORONER:

WILLIAM CLAWSON, City.

POOR DIRECTOR:

S. M. DAVIS, Sewickley.

JURY COMMISSIONER:

CHARLES PUGH, Manchester.

REPUBLICANS OF PENNSYLVANIA! it will not do to let the canvass drag its slow length along as you seem inclined to. If in regard to offices to be filled by general ticket the coming election is of comparatively little consequence, in respect to the issues involved it is of the most superior importance. The recent results in Maine and California have inspired the Democrats with fresh hopes. They are indulging in sanguine anticipations of success. Nothing but supineness on your part can enable them to realize their expectations. Are you prepared to surrender the just fruits of past victories? Are you ready to give over the work of reconstructing the Union into the hands of the party that came near destroying it? As we do not believe you are, we appeal to you at once to make good your faith by your works. Nor will it answer the purpose to come out of the contest with a meagre or diminished majority. There are fields upon which the victors are the vanquished. A small Republican majority this year will carry many of the worst consequences of a defeat.

Urge forward the labor of organizing the wards, boroughs and townships, so as to ensure the presence of every Republican voter at the polls. In this way, disaster will not only be arrested, but we shall meet after the day is over to exchange warm congratulations.

SOCIAL EQUALITY.

Some of the Democratic newspapers, and among them those whose conductors are most exclusive, not to say aristocratic, in the relations of private life, insist that the admission of the blacks to the right of suffrage necessarily involves their recognition in social life as equals and associates, which are quite two different things. Their logic is of that crooked sort that it infers from the concession of the right to vote to a black man, his right to marry your daughter, whether you or she will or no. This confounding matters which are totally different has at least the appearance of rank dishonesty; but much must be allowed for the deceptions which men inflict upon themselves. Because a refined and educated Democrat attends the same caucus and votes the same ticket as an ignorant and benotted American, Irishman or German, it does not follow that he will next day invite him home to dinner, or listen to overtures for intermarriage between the families. However cordial wealthy democrats may be at and about election times, and in political circles, with men whom they hold to be inferior to themselves in position, they are careful not to let the intimacy overflow its proper banks and run into other relations.

It is a fact that in many of the States black men are voters. In some of the States they have been voters for a long time. In other, always. In these States there are no evidences whatever of social intermingling; certainly none growing out of political equality. It may well be questioned if amalgamation goes on as rapidly in the Southern States since Emancipation, as it did before, when no colored female was the keeper of her own chastity.

But this confusion of things political with things social, is not confined to Democratic editors. A few days ago, in the cars, we met a merchant from Kansas on his way to Philadelphia to buy goods. He represented that he was born in North Carolina, and was connected by blood or marriage with most of the old and eminent families of that State; that he was brought up, and had lived most of his life in Kentucky, but slid off into Kansas a few years since. He had reached middle life, and had several marriageable girls on his hands. He evinced great solicitude lest, as one of the consequences of Republican ascendancy, they should be compelled to marry negroes. The thought of such alliances was a torment to him. We undertook to relieve his fears by explaining that rights were of different sorts, as absolute, the right to life, liberty and the avails of one's labor; relative, as between parents and children, brothers and sisters; and conventional, as between husband and wife, partners in business, and so on. That word "conventional" inflamed the suspicions of the fellow. "That is just what I thought," exclaimed he. The right to many is regulated by Conventions. You Republicans are getting up Conventions all the while. As soon as you have got the negroes fairly to voting you will hold another Convention and compel white girls to marry black men." He was sure he had us in a tight place. Against such impenetrable dullness we felt it useless to argue, and we subsided, leaving the ignoramus to vote the Democratic ticket as the only means of keeping his daughters out of matrimonial beds with abhorred black men. Great is ignorance, for it tends to make Democracy great!

LET THE PEOPLE PONDER.

We are fully of the opinion that the election now at hand in Pennsylvania will result in elevating Mr. Williams to a seat in the Supreme Court. So far, well. But it is not sufficient that he should be elected. The majority given for him should be as large as to demonstrate that the sentiments of the people have undergone no change since last year; that the opposition to the scheme of the President is as strong as it then was, and the determination to stand by Congress irrevocable.

It cannot be concealed that the current canvass, in addition to the choice of a Supreme Judge, involves a review and re judgment, to a certain extent, of most important questions upon which the people in years past have expressed their will. If the Republican majority shall be materially diminished; much more, if it should be completely overthrown; will the President and his supporters press the result beyond even the inferences fairly defensible, in order to justify their extraordinary course.

An accusing conscience has always been reputed a troublesome companion. This has received fresh illustration in Ohio. Mr. John C. Lee, the Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor, in one of his speeches, made the strong assertion that there were 7,500 white men in Ohio not so fit to vote as the 7,500 black adult males. This created a decided sensation among a certain class of Democrats. They jumped to the inference that in this comparison he referred to them!

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

In view of so many Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church in this country, having gone to England, for the purpose of attending the Pan-Anglican Council, more than usual interest is felt in regard to the topics likely to be discussed in that august body. It is believed the following subjects will be before them, if time will permit: 1. The relations of Colonial churches with the Mother Church; 2. Appeals from Colonial Courts to the Archbishop in person; 3. The Reform of Convocation; 4. The Relation of the Church of England with the rest of Christendom; 5. Complete Reunion; 6. The *Conge d'elire*; 7. The Restoration of Wesleyans to communion with the Church of England; 8. The Royal Supremacy and the Court of Final Appeal; and possibly (9) Ritualism. Special religious services are to be held daily during its sittings at Lambeth Palace and to be on a grand scale.

According to reports made at the Massachusetts Congregational Convention, held at Fitchburgh some days since, forty-six hundred and forty-four persons have been added to the churches during the past year by confession, making the net gain twenty-eight hundred and seventy-nine.

It has been ascertained that during the period of eighteen years, when immigration to California commenced, until the present time, that the number of Protestant ministers in that State reaches about four hundred—one hundred Congregational and Presbyterian, and hundred Methodist, one hundred Baptist, and all other denominations a hundred more. In all about twenty thousand church members and fifty thousand Sunday School scholars.

The Secretaries of the American Missionary Association have issued an appeal for aid to carry on their work among the Freedmen. This Society has five hundred teachers and missionaries employed among the Freedmen, being one and fifty more than last year. Unless fully forty thousand dollars are received this month, the work will be greatly embarrassed.

It will be remembered by many that the presiding officer of the Gold room, New York, Rev. Mr. Hoyt, was formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Louisville, Ky., but his absence from the meetings of the Presbytery for five years past, has led that Presbytery to take action in his case. Resolutions were adopted to drop his name from the roll, and notice given to the world that they were no longer responsible for his conduct as a minister.

The Committees of the Southern Presbyterian Church, and Cumberland Presbyterian Church, met recently at Memphis, to confer in regard to the organic union of those bodies. After a full consultation, a resolution was adopted that by "candid and free intercourse, and explanation, through forbearance, patience and earnest prayer, the result would ultimately be effected."

The Examiner and Chronicle has a brief article on the "Penalty of Growing Old," in which there are some thrusts that members of congregations would do well to ponder. An incident is related, of the recent dismissal of Rev. Dr. Kennady, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, Troy, New York, one of the ablest preachers in the State, and who has commanded the most important locations. The trouble is, the Troy church was wealthy and an important church. Dr. Kennedy is not sick. His eye is not dim. His physical ability is not abated. But he is not so young as he was fifteen years ago, when he was settled. It says the demand in some parts of the State is for very young men, and to this demand Dr. Kennedy had to yield. He gave the church the best of his life, and goes into a country village, where living is cheap, to wait for something to turn up.

Rev. L. P. Perry, of the New York East Conference, writes to the N. Y. *Advocate*, that a class of sixteen persons, which composed the first M. E. Church in the town of Rye, New York, all lived faithful to be eighty or more years of age, and all died in christian hopes. The last one in his eighty-eighth year.

On the return of Bishop Wood, (Catholic) of the Philadelphia Diocese, from Rome, the churches so arranged his reception that the handsome sum of twenty thousand dollars was secured for the benefit of the orphan children of the diocese. The *Catholic* of this city announces that Bishop Domenec, of this diocese, is to have a grand reception on his arrival from Europe, noticed yesterday. There is something suggestive in all this, for every denomination of Christians to imitate, not in this way, particularly more than any other, but by showing homage to ministers such as they are entitled to. The more a congregation respect, honor and sustain their pastor, the more likely will other congregations, and other denominations, and the public be led to regard such ministers favorably in a community.

The *Universe* complains that the reason why Catholic music in Philadelphia is in a very low state is because the best Catholic voices are not employed and compensated as they should. For this reason many Catholic young women are in Protestant choirs. It states that in Philadelphia there are Protestants and Jews in Catholic choirs.

Many of our readers will be glad to learn that Rev. S. M. Sparks, who was formerly pastor of the New School Presbyterian Church at Minersville, near this city, has consented to take charge of that church again.

The *Atlantic* for August, in Parton's article on Cincinnati, contains a remark that has caused some severe and just strictures. The writer, speaking of the "arnly Reverend" A. D. Mayo, ministor of the Unitarian church in that city, says that it pleased heaven so far, to endow him with a fine understanding, a noble heart, and an eloquent tongue. "It is he, and half a dozen such as he, who constitute, in a great degree, the *civilizing forces* of Cincinnati."

Bishop Lee, of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Delaware, in speaking of Marriage, argues that the marriage bond lies at the foundation of domestic happiness, is the source of home joys and pure affections, without which the world would be far more blank and miserable and wicked than it is. Paradise lingers with us, in a measure, in the sweet and sacred relations of the family.

In a series of articles of the elder Dr. Stephen H. Tyng, in the *Protestant Churchman*, he reveals the secret of his wonderful power over the congregations which he has been rector—by living near to the Cross of Christ and preaching Jesus in the purest evangelical form. It is no wonder such a man is a tower of strength in any community, and commands the homage and good will of every evangelical denomination. In one of these excellent papers, he describes a gracious work that broke out in 1831 in St. Paul's Church, Philadelphia, of which he was then rector. The work began at a Saturday evening prayer meeting that had been carried on for years. One of these meetings in March, 1831, had closed without any apparent divine manifestations. But when the benediction was pronounced, and the congregation arose to depart it was found that sixteen persons remained kneeling in different parts of the room, and weeping under the burden of sin. So began a deep and extensive work of grace and multitudes were converted.

Bishop Ames, at the grand reunion of the four Annual Conferences of the M. E. Church, in Indiana, numbering several hundred ministers, in the course of his speech spoke of an incident which occurred during the late war, of a youth of fifteen years in one of the Western regiments, who had fallen sick. When it became apparent that he would die, the boys raised a purse to enable his widowed mother to come and see him. She came. One morning while the widow was sitting by her son's bedside and singing "Jesus can make a dying bed," &c., the General of the army he belonged to came forward at the close of the hymn and took him by the hand and said, "How are you this morning, John?" Said the dying boy, "Not very well, General—I am ordered to the front!" and to the front he went. Angels came down to conduct him to the realms of glory. The Bishop made a very happy application of this thrilling incident.

The Southern Methodists are considering the feasibility of establishing a branch of their Publishing Concern, at New York city, in view of the lack of ability and facilities at the Nashville Concern to supply the people of the South.

SCHOOL OF DESIGN—"PAINTER'S CAMP."

By some accident the following pleasant letter failed to reach us, as it should have done, a month or more ago. It is not too late yet, however, to be interesting to many of our readers who take an interest in Art or in the School of Design. Many of the beautiful sketches made by the young ladies at the "Painter's Camp" are now to be seen at the rooms of the School of Design, No. 24 Fifth street, and those of Mr. Hetzel and Mr. Johns, at the studio of Mr. Hetzel, No. 35 Fifth street, third floor. They will repay a visit from the lovers of the beautiful in Art. We rejoice to notice these indications of progress in Art in our midst:

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 8, 1867.

EDITORS PITTSBURGH GAZETTE:—*Dear Sirs:* I have just returned from a visit to the Painter's Camp, and it is not only a great pleasure, but a duty, which I owe to the artists, and to the patrons and lovers of art, to tell something of what I saw there.

I believe that many of your readers are aware that several of our artists, and ladies of the School of Design, have been for more than a month in camp among the mountains and by the side of trout streams, but, perhaps, they have only thought of them as having a good time and no work. They are certainly having a good time, but the amount of work already accomplished is wonderful and they seem to have had no other motive, than that of every real artist, whose most earnest desire is, to get his pictures true to nature; for their "Studio" is in and on the wildest and most picturesque part of Shade Creek, in Somerset county, and these wild and beautiful views are being transferred to canvass in the truest and most artistic manner.

Mr. Hetzel has been very industrious and has some exquisite pictures, which I hope will be fully appreciated by all who have the means to possess such gems of rare beauty, and who take an interest in an endeavor to elevate and extend the refined love of Art.

Mr. Johns will surprise his numerous friends by his charming pictures—but I must not tell their subjects—I will only say that I shall congratulate any one who may become the fortunate possessor of the largest, when finished.

The ladies have all done, and are doing so well, that I cannot speak of individual pictures. Pittsburgh may well be proud of the pupils of her School of Design.

The "Painter's Camp" is not like Mr. Hamerton's, a comfortable tent with plate glass windows, in which he is protected from wind and rain, but out on the rocks amid the roar of the waterfall and the rushing of the waters, with camp stool, umbrella, color box and easel arranged as best they can. They work six hours every day when not prevented by rain. They walk from their (not too) comfortable quarters early in the morning, after a most substantial breakfast, (mountain air has given them all mountain appetites) about a mile and a half through the woods and Rhododendion forests to the creek. There they separate, each to his or her own temporary studio, where they work until lunch hour. Then they all meet for refreshment, rest and recreation. After this they work until five o'clock, when they again meet and return to their camp, to dismiss at six. In the evening, music and chat. On rainy days they work indoors. They have no excellent cook, and their visitors are generously and hospitably entertained. When the party first arrived among the primitive inhabitants they were not very warmly welcomed, but looked upon with suspicion and distrust, and thought to be gypsies or killers of some sort, who had malicious designs on hen-roosts and dairies, or at least "were after no good;" but they have quite redeemed theselves by "going to meeting," and paying for all the milk, butter and eggs they require.

They propose to remain until the end of this month, and I wish the last picture taken could include the whole party, not excepting "Jesse, Jack and the Crow." For ourselves, we shall never forget the delightful visit, and the kind welcome which greeted us; and we wish to each and all the appreciation and success which they so richly merit.

A. R

DR. CHAUSSIER'S EMPRESS.

LA COMPOSITION IMPERATRICE, POUR LES CHEVEUX.

It is now been known that the Hair, by mental exertion, by excitement, by disease, and improper circumstances, is now in VISABLY turning gray and falls off. The eminent French Chemist,

DR. CHAUSSIER,

Has provided a composite as Mosic, and at the same time a beautiful dressing for the hair, durable and finely perfumed. Remember, this is the finest article for the toilet that has ever been presented to the public.

IT IS NOT A DYE.

It will not soil the finest linen. It will not gum the hair. It is free from the disagreeable smell of sulphur. It revives the analy vitality of and unp ceasic institution. Prevents the hair from falling off, even after sickness. Causes the new hair to grow. It will restore gray Hair to its natural color, or the money will be refunded in every instance in this country, the proprietors present the testimonials of well known persons as to its excellence. Directions in French and English.

Sole agent for Pittsburgh, JOSEPH FLEMING, Drug store, 68 Market street. 7:5

WEAR AND TEAR.

When the constitution is weak and the system depressed by the wear and tear of business life, which makes such tremendous drafts upon the body and mind, unless some reliable and strengthening tonic is resorted to, pro tration with ensue, and the disease creep answares upon the victim of a allgeare. But if

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

Which is a genial and purely vegetable stimulant, be timely administered, the organization will resist and battle the veins of epidemic and changes of temperature incid nta to this season of the year, which disorder the nerves of the feeble.

There is an active and permanent vitality in this remedy, which will prove of great benefit to the broken down and shattered constitution. It is the only tonic of which the ailing can say, its simple is perfectly pure. Its basis is the essential principle of sound rye, which is admitted by universal chemists to be the most harmless of stimulants, and this gatid is refined from conditions which prove to be anti-somic from its manufacture. The other ingredients are composed of medicina plants and herbs, and contain not one harmful element in all their composition.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which had been advised to "let alone" on account o a harassing cough, which it was feared might aiten on my lungs. I knew that the popular mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful as all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to a discharge which I was constrained to believe was a salutary provision of nature to get rid of some morbid condition in the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying to the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I had it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and has left me a new man, with all the energies an vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully,

Dr. Keyser's consultation rooms are No. 128 Penn street, from 9 A. M. until 4 p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Attorney Insurance Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Purchased from First Hands,

AND ARE OFFERED AT

ALMOST IMPORTERS' PRICES.

Large Stock of Heavy Warranted

All-Silk Undershirts and Drawers.

INDIA ENGLISH COTTON

UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

MERINO, (all Wool,)
SCARLET FLANNEL,
ARCTIC CANTOON FLANNELS,
GARDNER'S A 1 DRAWERS,
COLLARS, CUFFS,
TIES, BOWS, SUSPENDERS,
MOURNING, UMBRELLAS, &c.

Fine selection of GLOVES for Street and Evening dress.

GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE,

No. 62 Fifth Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TRINITY CHURCH, Sixth STREET.—CHANGE OF HOUR FOR THE CHORAL SERVICE.—During the summer the Sunday afternoon FREE SERVICE will commence at 7 o'clock p. m.

RELIGIOUS.—THE FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, Allegheny, corner of Beaver street and Montgomery avenue. Preaching TO-MORROW, (Lord's Day,) at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M., by JAMES H. KING, Pastor. Seats free Sunday School at 9 A. M.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, CORNER OF GRANT AND THIRD STS. —Pastor, Rev. A. BOSSERMAN. Preaching EVERY SUNDAY at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M. All the people are invited to come and hear.

PREACHING EVERY SAB- BATH, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M. in NORTH AVENUE M. CHURCH, Corner North Avenue and Beaver street, Allegheny City. Rev. E. S. HOYT, Pastor. All are invited. Seats free. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A. M. and 1½ P. M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH. —Services at the NEW CHAPEL, Fourth street, above Grant. TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES S. DICKERSON. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock, P. M. Strangers are cordially invited.

FIRST CONGREGATION OF DISCIPLES, Neville Hall, corner of Fourth and Liberty sts., entrance on Fourth.—Rev. W. K. PEARCE, Pastor. Services every LORD'S DAY, morning and evening. Sabbath School session, 2½ p. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evening. Strangers and residents not identified with any worshiping congregation are cordially invited.

CURRY NORMAL INSTITUTE.

The Next Term will open on the

First Monday of September,

Pupils wishing to enter regular and advanced classes should

ENTER THE LAST WEEK OF AUGUST.

A REDUCTION of the price of one month's tuition will be made in favor of all pupils buying full scholarships ON OR BEFORE THE 3D DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC & ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF THE UNITED STATES.

PITTSBURGH, September 19th, 1867.

CARD.

To the Citizens of Pittsburgh.

The Board of Officers of the Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company of the United States have great pleasure in announcing the opening of their lines to Cincinnati and Louisville.

In accordance with the equity which they believe should prevail between this corporation and the public, in all charges for the transmission of messages over the wires of this Company, they have ordered reductions of rates, from those heretofore customary, between Cincinnati, Pittsburgh, and intermediate points; and have also directed a reduction to be made in the rate to New York.

The consistency with which this Company have endeavored to serve the public, not only by a prompt transmission of messages, but by endeavoring to reduce the cost of telegraphing, entitles them to once more request from this community a continuation of that patronage which has so far cheered the Board of officers in their endeavors to establish a permanent independent Telegraph Line; which, while profitable to the Stockholders, from the good will of the public, should be equally remunerative to the public, from a steady cheapening of the cost for the transmission of messages.

GEO. M. TRUMBULL,
President at P. & A. Tel. Co. of the U. S.

HOSIERY! HOSIERY!

A very large and attractive stock of

Hosiery,

Gloves, and

Underwear,

AT PHELAN'S

Old Stand Stocking Store,

24 FIFTH STREET.

JOSEPH SHALLENBERGER

Is prepared to furnish and place

STONE SLABS,

Of the largest dimensions, for PAVEMENTS, VAULTS, SAFE FLOORS, STREET CROSSINGS, &c., from his extensive quarries on the Youghiogeny.

Office and Yard on Allegheny Wharf, near Hand Street Bridge.

Residence, 62 River Avenue, Allegheny City.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between WILLIAM REDMAN and MATTHEW HENNING, doing business under the name and style of HENNING & REDMAN, was dissolved on the 7th day of March, 1867, by the death of MATTHEW HENNING. All claims on said firm must be presented to WILLIAM REDMAN for payment, and all debts due the firm are collectable by him.

Pittsburgh, September 14th, 1867.

WHITE GOODS,

Embroideries,

Lace Goods,

Cotton Hosiery,

FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES, BY

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street.

FINE WALL PAPERS.

September, 1867.

W. P. MARSHALL

Announces the receipt by special importation of

New French Paper Hangings,

With satin, plain, embossed and leather finish. Polychrome and French Decorations of elegant designs. Also, American cheap gold and plain papers.

87 WOOD STREET.

ROMER C. BRAVO.....CHARLES DONNELLY.

GREENWOOD FOUNDRY.

DRAVO & DONNELLY.

Jobbing and Machinery Castings,

Light or heavy, of either Malleable or Stove Iron, of all patterns, sizes and styles, suited to every purpose, made to order.

Office, 249 Liberty Street,

(Academy of Music Building.)

H. ROHBOCK,

TEACHER OF

PIANO AND ORGAN,

Informs the public that after ten years' most successful teaching at he Female Colleges, he has determined in his position there, in order to devote his entire time to his largely increasing class of private pupils. He will, therefore, be able to accommodate with lessons ALL who may apply to him, and will thoroughly and organ in all its branches, according to the latest improvements. A PEARL GLASS ORGAN, with two banks of keys and pedals, will receive a limited number of pupils at the Residence, No. 24 FERRY STREET, two doors below Liberty street.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

Which is a genial and purely vegetable stimulant, be timely administered, the organization will resist and battle the veins of epidemic and changes of temperature incid nta to this season of the year, which disorder the nerves of the feeble.

There is an active and permanent vitality in this remedy, which will prove of great benefit to the broken down and shattered constitution. It is the only tonic of which the ailing can say, its simple is perfectly pure. Its basis is the essential principle of sound rye, which is admitted by universal chemists to be the most harmless of stimulants, and this gatid is refined from conditions which prove to be anti-somic from its manufacture. The other ingredients are composed of medicina plants and herbs, and contain not one harmful element in all their composition.

L. N. HALL, Manufacturer of

HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS,

Wholesale and retail dealer in TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, PIPES, &c., Louisville Tobacco always on hand.

184 WOOD STREET,

Corner Liberty, Pittsburgh, Pa.

G. S. LONG, one of the part- ners of the firms of G. S. LONG & CO. and PENNOCK, HAGALEY & CO., has this day withdrawn from both of the above named firms.

G. S. LONG.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 11th, 1867.

WHEREAS, Letters Testamentary on the estate of NANCY MORCK, late of M'Keesport, Allegheny county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the said estate will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JAMES LINN, Executor.
M'Keesport, Pa.

JAPANNING,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, BY

WILLIAM LLOYD,

No. 3 St. Clair Street, PITTSBURGH, Pa.

Grocers' Tea Can store Re-Japanned equal to new. sep17:g60

DRUG STORE FOR SALE.

A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE,

Doing a good retail and prescription business, and having a well established patronage, situated in one of the best business parts of the city. Inquire of B. A. FAHNESTOCK, SON & CO., corner of Wood and First streets, Pittsburgh.

25,000 MALE AND FEMALE AGENTS WANTED, to sell the most saleable article of the day. Agents are easily clear $50 per day. Sample and circular sent free. Use no dyes or inferior. For instruction, for particulars address or call on J. KUHS & CO., 630 Broadway, New York.

N. B.—This is no Humbug or Gift Enterprise.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIPS OF the firms of G. S. LONG & CO. and PENNOCK, HAGALEY & CO. are this day dissolved by mutual consent.

G. S. LONG,
ISAAC M. PENNOCK,
WILLIAM HAGALEY.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 11th, 1867.

DISSOLUTION.—The Co-Part- nership heretofore existing between KAUFMANN and H. A. SCHNABEL, under the name and style of KAUFMANN & CO., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. SCHNABEL retiring from the firm. Mr. KAUFMANN will settle all bills and receive all coming to said firm.

PITTSBURGH, PA., SEPTEMBER 12th, 1867.

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S BREAD. The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Ward's. None else.

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR,

Made from Kentucky White Wheat, (new crop,) for sale at lowest market rates, at

FRANCE'S TEA MART,

No. 71 Diamond, Pittsburgh.

Terms cash. Goods delivered free.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SIXTH WARD REPUBLICANS.

NOTICE.—The REPUBLICAN VOTERS of the SIXTH WARD, Pittsburgh, will hold a Meeting on

Monday Evening Sept. 23d,

AT 7½ O'CLOCK,

AT THE SCHOOL HOUSE,

For the purpose of organizing the Ward Committees, &c. sep21

SWORD'S SELF-TEMPERING

STEAM POWER

BRICK MACHINE,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

PITTSBURGH BRICK MACHINE AND BRICK MANUFACTURING CO.

This Machine takes the clay direct from the bank, (without the preparation, by soaking necessary for "soft mud" machines,) and tempers it thoroughly, pressing in steel moulds, brick stiff enough to be packed up eight high in the yard as made. For grinding with the lowest, hard loam, and making a strong, true wall, there are no better brick known. The cost of making brick by this machine is from 93 cents to $1.25 per 1,000, according to the rates of wages. This we guarantee. The machine is built of cast iron and steel; and in the best style for strength and permanent use in working clay. Apply for circulars, giving full information, at the office,

359 LIBERTY ST., 3d Story,

Near the Union R. R. Depot,

sep17:f55 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BOOKS AT HALF PRICE!

Putnam's Record of the Rebellion. Moore. 8 volumes.
Scott's Poetical Works.
Burns' Complete Works.
Byron's Complete Works.
The Modern British Essayists. Macaulay, Popes's Works.
Chapes and Church Architecture.
The American Conflict. Greeley. 2 vols, Colateral bible. 2 vols. Quarto.
Brown's Dictionary of the Bible.
United States Dispensatory.
Ainsworth's English and L tin Dictionary.
Bruno's Latin and Latin Lexicon.
Trimmer's Practical Geology and Mineralogy.
Dungnan's Greek and English Lexicon.
Fleetwood's Life of Christ. Gilt edged.
Wharton's Law Dictionary.
Laws of the United States. Dunlap.
Dana's Manual of Geology.
Troubat and Haley's Practice. 2 vols.
The Literalist. 3 vols.
History of the World. 2 vols.

5,000 VOLUMES TO SELECT FROM.

Latin, Greek, Hebrew, French, German, Spanish and Arabic Works; School Books; Sabbath School Library Books.

Stationery, of all kinds, wholesale and retail, at eastern prices.

Day Books, in great variety, at Publishers' Prices. Back numbers of all the Magazines. Prints. Periodicals. Inks. Marking. Drawing Slates. Chequer Boards, &c. Call and examine the stock. Subscriptions received for all the Monthly Magazines and Illustrated Papers, at Publishers' Prices.

ALL THE LATE

Magazines and Illustrated Papers.

Can always be found at the

BOOK AND NEWS DEPOT,

Sixth Street, below Smithfield.

JOHN D. EGAN.

NINTH LIST OF APPLICA- TIONS FOR LICENSES to SELL LIQUORS, filed in the Clerk's Office, September 7, 1867.

Wine red Davis, tavern. First ward, Pittsburgh.
John O'Connor, tavern, First ward, Pittsburgh.
Elizabeth Little, tea house, First ward, Pittsburgh.
Joseph Rasch, eating house, First ward, Pittsburgh.
John A Arnestel, tavern, Second ward, Pittsburgh.
John M'Laughlin, tavern, Third ward, Pittsburgh.
Wm. Wagner, eating house, Third ward, Pittsburgh.
Dan'l Mennan, tavern, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh.
Jas. Bryar, other goods, Fourth ward, Pittsburgh.
Henry Wilkens, tavern, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh.
John Draco, eating house, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh.
John H. Pfeifer, tavern, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
Peter Mc Intosh, tavern, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
J. F. Uubes & Bro., other goods, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
J. H. Sisler, other goods, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
Maria Richards, tavern, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
M. Koehler, tavern, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
Henry Anderson, tavern, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh.
Daniel Durrin, tavern, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh.
John Parsley, eating house, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh.
John J. Post, other goods, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh.
Agnes Mullin, tavern, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh.
Casper Stitzel, tavern, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh.
Kilian Stall, tavern, Tenth ward, Pittsburgh.
Felix Grant, tavern, First ward, Allegheny.
Philip Herpel, tavern, Second ward, Allegheny.
James Wolf Mild Tavern, Second ward, Allegheny.
John Natsbit, eating house, Third ward, Allegheny.
Hen y Horst, eating house, Third ward, Allegheny.
Ferdinand Schreiner, tavern, Fourth ward, Allegheny.
Geo. H. Stiturer, tavern, fourth ward, Allegheny.
Jos. Falk, eating house, Fifth ward, Allegheny.
Frederick Staats, tavern, Sixth ward, Allegheny.
John Schiermann, tavern, Seventh ward, Allegheny.
F. Bonenstiehl, tavern, Seventh ward, Allegheny.
Christ Stahrr, tavern, borough of Birmingham.
Andrew Reader, tavern, bor. of Birmingham.
Samuel M'Cune, tavern, borough of Elizabeth.
Mary Beadle, tavern, bor. of West Elizabeth.
John Pearson, tavern, bor. of Lawrenceville.
L. Hart, tavern, borough of Lawrenceville.
Peter Kemp, other goods, Bor. of Lawrenceville.
Wm. Schamm, other goods, Bor. of M'Kees port.
Wm. Wagner, tavern, Bor. of South Pittsburgh.
Hugh Farrell, eating house, bor. of Sharpsburgh.
Jno. H. schmit, tavern, Collins Township.
Chas. Hamlet, tavern, Mollins Township.
Jno. T. Patterson, tavern, Liberty Township.
Wm. Thorp, tavern, Mifflin Township.
A. N. Mc Clure, tavern, Mifflin Township.
Jos. Chiverton, tavern, McClure Township.
Henry Alley, eating house, Oakland Township.
Thos. F. Burt, tavern, Robinson Township.
Jas. McNulty, tav. Lower St. Clair Township.
Jno. Sculler, tavern, Lower St. Clair Township.
Geo. L. Yockey, t. house, Lower St. Clair Tp.
Chas. Bantzen, t. house, Lower St. Clair Tp.
Thos. Miller, tavern, Shaler Township.
Jas. welch, tavern, Union Town ship.
D. B. Laughner, tavern, Versailles Township.

The License Board will sit at the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the 2d day of October, 1867, at 9 o'clock A. M., for hearing the above applications.

JOHN G. BROWN, Clerk.

TEAS! TEAS!

Of all Prices and Quality, at

A. KIRK'S.

GREEN TEA.

Prime Young Hyson.....$1.00 per pound.
Extra good " 1.00 "
Good " 1.00 "
Good " 1.00 "
Good " 1.00 "

BLACK TEAS—Colored.

Best Oolong.....$1.00 per pound.
Good " 1.00 "
Extra " 1.00 "

BLACK TEAS—Powchong, Souchong Congous.

Ex. Prime Souchong.....$1.00 Breakfast.....1.00
High " Old Country, do.....1.00
Good " 1.00

JAPAN TEAS.

Uncolored Japan, very pleasant flavor.....$1.00
Japan. Young Hyson, " " 1.00

MIXED TEAS.

No. 1 Mixed Teas, very Black, do. do. Y.H.$1.00
No. 2 " " do. do. " 1.00
From the above any one can select just what kind of Tea they want them put up in, in any quantity, and forwarded by any of the Express Companies. We now carry goods at very low rates, and by doing so save twenty cents per pound in the price, besides getting a pure and clean article which cannot be had elsewhere.

A. KIRK,

174 and 176 Federal St., Allegheny.

STATE

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

To Exhibitors of Sheep and Wool.

The Specification in the Premium List of this Society, on page 14, relating to sheep and wool, is hereby modified, striking out the words "since the 20th of May," and inserting SINCE THE 1ST OF MARCH. Also, on page 13, strike out at the close of the specification relating to fleece, the words, "the sum million should not awards a premium to fleece shorn after the 20th of May, 1867."

A. BOYD HAMILTON,
PRESIDENT.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH

GAS,

Hot and Cold Water, &c.,

By experienced and practical workmen.

JOHN M. TATE,

Plumber and Gas Fitter,

227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and

59 Federal Street, Allegheny.

AMERICAN TEA COMPANY.

No. 2 St. Clair Street,

NEW CROP FINE TEAS,

NEW CARGO FINE TEAS,

SELLING AT NEW YORK PRICES!

Special inducements offered to large consumers.

AMERICAN TEA CO.,

No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET.

JUST OPENED.

Lace Handkerchiefs and Collars;
Packed Handkerchiefs, from 25c, to $1.50;
Beaded Lace;
New Style Crape Trimming;
Fancy Tartan Rose;
Neck Ties and Bows, choice styles;

At F. E. EATON'S,

17 FIFTH STREET.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

The undersigned is prepared to furnish all kinds of SCHOOL BOOKS and their accompaniments, to purchasers at the lowest retail or wholesale prices. Also, BLANK BOOKS and STATIONERY. PIERCE'S PATENT SLATES and SLATE SURFACE, for blackboards. All orders promptly attended to.

P. G. REINEMAN,
213 Third St., Pittsburgh

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

DRY GOODS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Dress Goods, Armures,

Striped Cashmeres,

Delaines, Shawls,

Table Diaper,

Tickings, Checks,

Fine Flannels,

Heavy Country Flannels,

Grey Blankets, Coverlets,

Cotton Batting,

Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons,

Flowers, Notions,

Hoop Skirts, &c.,

A VERY LARGE STOCK,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

sep19

A

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.'S,

Buyers will find the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY, of

Straw and Millinery Goods;

Ribbons, Flowers, Frames;

Embroideries, Laces;

Handkerchiefs, White Goods;

Gloves, Hosiery, Woolen Goods;

Hoop and Balmoral Skirts;

Yarns, Worsteds;

Furnishing Goods;

Paper Collars;

Fancy Goods and Notions;

AND AT POPULAR PRICES!

WE ARE ALSO RECEIVING

NEW GOODS,

And will have all the latest NOVELTIES. Call and examine, at

77 and 79 Market Street.

Agents for HALL & MANNING'S SPOOL COTTON. au31:n30

FIRST ARRIVAL

OF

FALL GOODS!

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

BEAD GIMPS AND BUTTONS.
BEAD NECKLACES, BEADED BELTS.
GUTTA PERCHA FANS, something new.
BUCKLES AND BRACELETS.
ROSEWOOD AND CORAL SETS.
LADIES' SATCHELS.
GENTS' TRAVELING BAGS.
HAMBURG WORK.
JACONET EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS.
THREAD EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS.
MALTESE COLLARS.
GRAPE COLLARS, new styles.
TRIMMING RIBBONS.
24 doz. TUCKED HANDK'FS, 25 cents each.
MORRISON'S "STAR" SHIRTS, a full line.

Together with our Summer Stock of

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.
TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS generally

We Offer to Buyers, Wholesale and Retail

At the Very Lowest Prices,

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

sep20 NO. 57 MARKET STREET.

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

RICH AND ELEGANT STYLES OF

BEAD GIMPS AND FRINGES.

A NEW LOT, VERY CHEAP, OF

MALTESE LACE COLLARS AND EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS.
GREEN ENGLISH TRIMMING RIBBONS.
HAMBURG EDGINGS, new Styles.
FRENCH CORSETS, new shapes.
BRADLEY'S DUPLEX SKIRTS, new shapes.

We have just opened a superior lot of

Ladies' Promenade Satchels, and Gents' Traveling Bags,

Of the best quality and most popular styles. We invite special attention to our new lot of

English Cotton Hosiery and English and French Made

GLOVES.

The "Star" Shirt,

And all kinds of FURNISHING GOODS, at LOW PRICES.

Merchants and Dealers supplied at Low Prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

NEW FALL GOODS!

GREAT ATTRACTION!

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.,

No. 67 Market Street,

Have just opened the handsomest and best assortment of goods in the city, and at LOWEST PRICES.

French Chintz;

Poplin Plaids;

Poplin Alpaccas;

French Merinos for $1.

Plain and Fancy Black Silks;

Muslins, Flannels, Blankets;

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF DRY GOODS

se14:n290

CASEY, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley, PITTSBURGH, Pa.

DYERS AND SCOURERS.

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street

DYER AND SCOURER,

Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed.

Kid GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES cleaned or dyed.

C. G. FISCHER'S

FANCY

Dyeing and Scouring Establishment

No. 63 DIAMOND ALLEY,

Between Wood and Smithfield streets,

All goods returned in two weeks. Goods kept without charge for twelve months. PITTSBURGH, PA. my11:n6

GERMAN SOAP.—25 bxs. Procter & Gamble's Mother German Soap, just received and for sale at the box or single bar by JOHN S. LE MOYNE'S, au25 corner Liberty and Head streets.

ICE CREAM, EATING, &c.

WILLIAMSON'S

DINING ROOMS,

No. 36 Market St.,

(Between Second and Third Streets,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The house is newly furnished with everything that constitutes a first class Eating House. The choicest of everything the market affords will be served up at all hours of the day or night.

LADIES' DINING ROOMS, second floor.

J. H. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.

The highest market price paid for all kinds of seasonable game. je12:n272

JAMES B. YOUNGSON,

No. 200 Wylie Street,

Respectfully informs all those who are in want of anything in his line that he has opened a first class

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,

At the above number. Fresh BREAD & CAKES, of all descriptions, on hand. Also, FRUITS, NUTS, &c. Splendid ICE CREAM ROOM, refitted up in style. Special attention given to furnishing Private Parties, Dinners and Picnics with ICE CREAM, CAKES and FRUIT.

BREAD morning and evening. my9:n197

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

P. H. M'GUIRE,

No. 99 FIFTH STREET, above Smithfield, opposite Dr. Clark's Methodist Church. ICE CREAM, SODA WATER, FANCY CAKES, FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, &c.

Parties and private families supplied at short notice and reasonable terms. je28:n

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c.,

At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS ROMETER

No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

je28:m9

PAINTERS.

WESLEY COULTER.....JOHN LAMB.

COULTER & LANE,

House and Sign Painters,

No. 100 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh,

(Opposite Cathedral.)

GLASS CARDS done to order.

W. B. ROWLAND.....W. M. HARRIS.

ROWLAND & HARRIS,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 64 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

CALCIMINING done in the best manner.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 132 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c. jy20:n219

P. B. HUTCHINSON.....R. J. HEPBURN.

HUTCHINSON & HEPBURN,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 89 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

REMOVAL.

JOHN F. CLULEY,

House and Sign Painter,

Has removed to

No. 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

my9:n197

ROBERT M'COWAN.....JNO. SNYDER.

M'COWAN & SNYDER,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, AND GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS.

No. 65, North side of Diamond, Allegheny.

Commercial and glass signs made to order. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly executed. Mixed Paints, Window Glass and Putty constantly on hand. ap15:n136

CARPENTERS, BUILDERS.

WM. J. DICK,

Carpenter and Builder,

NO. 36 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.,

Opposite High street, PITTSBURGH, Pa.

Residence, No. 164 Grant street.

Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction warranted. au24:n67wpr

C. YOST.....A. YOST.

J. B. YOST.....G. P. YOST, Foreman.

YOEST BROTHERS,

House Carpenters and Builders.

All kinds of Jobbing and Building promptly attended to. Orders left at No. 469 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, and No. 13 PEARL ST., Broomfield.

JNO. FRANCIES.....SAM'L FRANCIES.

J. & S. FRANCIES,

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS,

Contracts taken for Buildings, Store Fronts, and Jobbing. Particular attention given to Heavy Framing for Foundries and Shops, of all descriptions.

Nos. 266 and 268 Robinson St., Allegheny City, Pa. 17:n64

Z. H. PALMER,

House Builder and Carpenter.

Office, corner of BARKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.

Jobbing and Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. jy19:n278

HOUSE BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS.

BUILDING AND REPAIRS promptly attended to

FURGUSON & BECK,

17 Smithfield street.

HATS, CAPS, &c.

HATS! HATS!

W. P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

No. 52 St. Clair Street.

Have now on hand an excellent stock of latest styles

Hats and Caps,

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES!

se20:n2

NEW FALL GOODS,

JUST RECEIVING, AT

M'CORD & CO.'S,

No. 121 Wood St.

A very large stock of

HATS, CAPS AND FURS,

All the new styles for the FALL SALES, selling at THE LOWEST PRICES. au13

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.,

CHAS. B. BARR. HEB. TH. KNAKE. W. L. BUETTLER

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO. Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and ELTON'S PATENT GUITARS.

The Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. au17:n93

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS.—The purest in tone; the most powerful; the most elegant finished; will stand in tune longer than any other. New stock just received.

For sale at less than factory prices.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, 42 Fifth street,

Sole Agent for Knabe's Pianos, Haines Bros. Pianos, and Prince's Automatic Organs. au4

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BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS

(Successors to Geo. F. Schuchman & Co.)

SINGERLY & CLEIS,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS

The ONLY ESTABLISHMENT of the KIND WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS.

Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c. Nos. 12 and 14 Third and Fifth Alleys.

CHAS. A. MILLER,

LITHOGRAPHER,

No. 90 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building.

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. au18:n96

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

42 WOOD STREET,

A full assortment of Smoking Tobacco, Pipes and Pouches always on hand. my11:n6

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

DRUGGISTS.

GEORGE A. KELLY,

Wholesale Druggist

27 Wood Street,

(Opposite the St. Charles Hotel.)

Dealer in DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERIES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, &c.

Proprietor of Dr. SARGENT'S celebrated Family Medicines, LIVER PILLS, COUGH SYRUP, CHOLERA CURE, &c. my21

The Pittsburgh Gazette

LETTER LISTS.

Published by Authority.

List of Uncalled For Letters Remaining in the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Postoffices, September 21st, 1867.

PITTSBURGH.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

[As Furnished to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

A
Adams J C
Allan & Co Jas
Allen Chas
Allison J W
Alexander Jas
Allen —
Andrews Jas L
Atkinson Jos

B
Barlow J P
Barker Harvey
Barr W G
Barnes David
Bebjamin M 2
Bear —
Belmont H
Berry J L
Berry John E
Bingaman H G
Bliss & Johnson
Black A
Bollner Geo
Boyd James
Boyle James
Bowers G O
Bowers Geo F
Boswell Thos
Brown W
Brown R
Bramer & Y
Brougher C
Bright John G
Buckley J L 2
Buckley F

Caldwell E J
Cadwallad T W
Cone H A
Camp W D
Camp Thos
Carner W J
Carey John
Chivers Geo
Clagor John
Chapman J P
Cole Pan M W
Clarkson T C
Cooley Firman
Collins Joseph
Cooley L J
Clarke W J
Clarke Geo F
Cope E S
Conroy Mich
Conway Frank
Connell John
Coyle Ed
Cowell & Co
Charleston 2
Barne
Cramner W H
Cross E S
Cross T

D
Davis J O 2
Davis Nelson
Davies Jos J
Davis L S
Davis E C
Daw Miss
Darrow John
Dillon, Thomas-ville, O
Dillaway & Bro
George
Dodd Harry
Donnell J
Dorris W
Drape J W
Dagwey, sam'l
Dougherty B
Durkin Thos
Dunn & Co D T

Ebbert James
Elwan J T
Emslie P G
Evans Rem
Evans Rs Ks
Euwer J N A H
P

Fahey Cats
Fairbourne W H
Ferguson John
Fickerson L M
Fisher Thos
Fulton R A
Fuller Chas E
G
Gallaher Geo
Gardiner R A
Garrison W T
Garrison Isaac
Gaskins J S
Geary Daniel
Gibson W
Gibbs J W A N G
Glass & Lafferty
Goodwin G G
Gould J M
Graham S S
Gray Lyman
Graham Jane
Grier W A
Gregory G P
Green & Co J W
Grindell Geo
Grim J
H
Hale E la
Haines F
Hamilton H
Hamilton A
Hancock Capt
Hanna M S
Hammer M F
Hamilton A J
Hatfield J K
Hart Clinton
Hartman Geo H
Hyman M E
Hatfield E K
Heller Jno
Hooker —
Hope & Co A S
Howell H
Humphrey W J
Hubbard J W
Hunnicker H F
Hunter P P
Hennerley H M
Hunter D R
Husbands
Hutchinson T
Hunter Mr
Hughes & Co
I
Ingalls W J
Irwin J H
J
Jackson Sarah
Jackson S
Jones David
Jones John
Johnston R
K
Keane Mr
Kennedy Mich
Kennedy Alex
Kelly Edward
Kellogg —
Kennedy F H
Kennedy T
Kimber L G
Kinsley Geo P
Kirby J
Kirk H
Kuhns L M
L
Lacy Geo B
Lewis Thos S
Lasch D H
Lewser W H
Lemmon S
Lewis Charles
Lindsay James
Little Joseph
of John
Little J L
Long W
Lombard W E
Logach J H
M
Manning Chas
Manges Ed
Manning J & M
Mathews W
Marden S J
Martin John
Marshall Thos
Marshall J P
Marsh Daniel
Merrick G H 2
Davis Jas
Davis E C
Davis Miss
Darrow John
Dillon, Thomas 2 Co
Miller J
Miller H C
Miller J A W
Miller J M
Miller J
Morrow R P
Morrow J
Moorhead C J 2
Mortisen
Morrow Jno
Moore S S
Moore W P
Moore Isaac W
Moore J S
Moore J S
Moore Daniel
Mulholland A
Mallen H
Myers & Duncan
Mc
McAfee Jas
McAfee T &
Mechtel
McBride C E
McBrier Pat
McCabe J S
McCallister P
McCafferty Ed
McCandless F
McCandless
McCann Jno
McDo agal C P
McGraw W E
McGovern O
McGinnis W R
McGregor & Co
McGraw Frank
McGlaughlin T
McGrath Jos
McKnight D A
McKee Jas
McKeed J S
McKinnon J B
McKindrick P
Mooney J
Mc
Noble John
O
O'Hern C A
O'Neal J D
O'Connell J
P
Palmer H E

LADIES' LIST, SEPTEMBER 21.

[As Furnished to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

A
Addie J Mrs
Alexander's K 2
Ambeau Sarah
B
Baker Mary L
Baker Rosealna
Barrington E M
Barker Mrs
Bertfore Alice
Bevan Catherine
C
Carey Mary
Carnahan M C
Carson Fanny
Chambers Cath
Childs L M 2
Christ Mary
Clark Nancy J
Cook Eliz Mr
Cook Kate Miss
Conden Lacy
Crawford Julia
Cummings Bell
D
Davis Mary E
Dilworth Mary
Dorsey Maria
Dunmire Mary J
Durbin Mary A
E
Ebbets Rose
Eisenbey Lena
F
Fornoff Chris
Fry Nancy
G
Garrett Agnes
Gerrard Mary
Gilbert Lt Mrs
Gilliard Martha
Grey Mary
Groseyrove Jas Mrs
H
Harbaugh Mary
Harrison Mattie
Hendersen M
Hetherington C
Horner Jane
Horner Hester
Horton Mahet
J
Jewett U P Miss
Jones Mrs (for)
K
Kennedy Mary
Keep sarah
Kilpatrick E
L
Lee Ida E
Lewis L O Miss
Lormin A
Lansberg Mary
M
Magee M Mrs
Manaway A M
Martin Ellen
Markley E Mrs
(forcign)
Mawhinney Mary
Massey Jane
Miller Judith
Moore Mary
Moorehead A C
Mourlock Ida
Morrison M A
N
Mc Cord Ann
Mc Cown Emily
McIntyre Sarah
Mc Kee Mary
N
Neill Mary J
Nigh Theresa
Nowag A E
O
Orr Mrs
P
Parsons M G
Patterson M E
Price Eliza
R
Rawson Jane T
Read Mary M
Reynolds Josie
Richardson Mary
Robins H Mrs
Rodgers Amelia
Rusmore Julia
S
Semple M G Mrs
Seymour Virgil
Shriver Maria
Smith Judith
Smith Lizzie M
Smith A H Mrs
Smith Jane
Stamm L Mrs
Stone A E Mrs
T
Taylor Fannie
Telfer Mary
Tracey J A Mrs
Tracey M Mrs
V
Vantess J Mrs
W
Walls Jane Mrs
Walker A Chris
Ward M E
Walsh L Miss
Weiss E S Mrs
Weber S Miss
Williams Ida
Williams Ida
Wrighter M H
Mrs
Z
Zimmerman A

J. H. McCLELLAND, Postmaster.

ALLEGHENY—September 21.

[As Furnished to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

A
Ammon S F
Arben F D
Addis Jos
Ackerman Jos
Andrews M
Arenin M
Adams K

B
Bronson Emma
Brady Annie
Bedford Alice
Berkert A
Bering C
Brem T H
Bennett S
Bidet E S
Bryant A E
Boel Hugh M
Boltzer S
Batz Sirena
Bantz —
Boggs Jas
Bryan Jennie
Bradley Thos
Brukor M
Barns S M
C
Chambers A J
Culbertson B H
Conyers
Criswell J A
Covell Thos
Cluney Mary
Crops Tilley
Campbell R
Curtis Mary E
Carr Margaret
Clarke Mary
Craig W A
Conner Wm
Cameron R F
D
Dill A C
Dilmore Alex
Davis Chas
Dorgian Chas
Dodgson E
Dewein S
Hutchison 2
Drennan A
Mooney
Dond M A
Dymond M
Davidson M
Dare M
Delich Wm
Dunn W H
Dorgin Wm
Dougin P
Dietzler H F C
E
Elford D
Estipe J
White Jno
Kemble J
F
Fritz C
Foltz A
Fitzsimmons A
Fickel —
Finkbine Amos
Fink D A
Fry Jno
Frank G M
Fisher Nelson
Faust S
Fry Warrin Jr
Farley Sallie
Fisher Wm
G
Gessler C
Gaskins Kate
Gantz
Gearing M
Grady Hy
Gault J S
Gault J
Galbraith J
Green J G
Groon
Gilleland Mrs
Greenlee A M
H
Harrison C
Hong Chas
Hamilton H P
Hall Geo B
Hallet Harriet
Hoffman J
Hoffman Jos
Hankins Jas
Hess Thos
Hutchison J
Hist Lewis J
Hess Wm
Hilderbrand W
Horton W
Hankins Philip
I
Irwin Annis
J
Jones Robert
K
Kasteach John
Kahn Isaac
Kerr John L
Keiker J
L
Ludwig B
Lollon Wm
Lessel Geo
Lefler B
Lindsay Jas
Long Jno
Lahntz Jacob
Lemham J
Lowe Jas
M
Morrow A W
Moore B L 2
May Fannie
Moore Geo W
Mentz H
Moore S
Myers Isaac
Mooney John
Mann Thos
Marks Lena
Mc Connely P A
Mc
McRoberts D
McCay D L
McCowell E
Manning Chas
Manges Ed
Manning J & M
Mathews W
Marden S J
Martin John
Marshall Thos
Marshall J P
Marsh Daniel
Merrick G H 2
Davis Jas
Davis E C
Davis Miss
Darrow John
Dillon, Thomas-ville, O
Miller J
Miller H C
Miller J A W
Miller J M
Miller J
Morrow R P
Morrow J
Moorhead C J 2
Mortisen
Morrow Jno
Moore S S
Moore W P
Moore Isaac W
Moore J S
Moore J S
Moore Daniel
Mulholland A
Mallen H
Myers & Duncan
Mc
McAfee Jas
McAfee T &
Mechtel
McBride C E
McBrier Pat
McCabe J S
McCallister P
McCafferty Ed
McCandless F
McCandless
McCann Jno
McDo agal C P
McGraw W E
McGovern O
McGinnis W R
McGregor & Co
McGraw Frank
McGlaughlin T
McGrath Jos
McKnight D A
McKee Jas
McKeed J S
McKinnon J B
McKindrick P
Mooney J
Mc
Noble John
O
O'Hern C A
O'Neal J D
O'Connell J
P
Palmer H E

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.

Before Hon. Edwin H. Stowe.

This Court met at ten o'clock, Friday morning, and proceeded with the trial of the

MOFFIT-THOMPSON CONSPIRACY CASE,

Commonwealth vs. Alexander Moffit, indicted (jointly with William Dawson) for conspiracy to charge and cheat Isaac Thompson by issuing counterfeit money. The defense proceeded with the examination of witnesses as to the reputation of Isaac Thompson in the community where he lived, prior to May, 1866, as a dealer in counterfeit money.

Messrs. John H. Smith, H. B. Vanvoorhis, Job Johnston, E. S. Stone, J. A. Nichols, George Cox, R. D. Marcy, Levi McCarty, Thomas F. Cook, Robert D. Arnold, D. F. Bowen, Adam Hopkins, H. B. Vanvoorhis, Joseph Nichols, A. A. Hill, R. Hammond, Ezra Conway, and James Kennah, all testified that Isaac Thompson's reputation was bad, that of a counterfeiter.

Joseph Nichols was recalled, and the defense offered to prove the specific fact of dealing in counterfeit money, on the part Isaac Thompson, while in the army, and to show a presumption at least that Moffit, the defendant, being in the army at the time, became acquainted with the fact. The preliminary questions were asked for the satisfaction of the Court, but it appeared that the witness and Moffit had never been in the same regiment, and that they only had no personal acquaintance at the time. The testimony was therefore not allowed to be given.

Atkinson Nichols was called and testified as to a conversation he had with Isaac Thompson, in 1864, in regard to engaging in the counterfeit business. Thompson proposed to furnish the witness with the money, or have it furnished by Dawson or Wright. Witness was summoned to testify in the suit against Samuel Thompson, at Uniontown, but did not attend, because he could not do any good. In 1866, prior to May, told Moffit of the fact that Isaac Thompson had called on him to induce him to engage in the counterfeiting business.

Taylor Lawson, son of William Dawson, testified that his father had no new bogus that he knew of before he went away. He got an old buggy, painted up, from Samuel Thompson, which he sold before he left.

At 12:5 Court took a recess till one o'clock.

Re-assembling, (the defense having closed) the prosecution proposed to give evidence to rebut that offered, tending to show that Isaac Thompson had the reputation of being a counterfeiter. The defense objected; the offer was simply to prove a negative. Although a hundred witnesses might testify that so far as they knew the reputation of Thompson was good, it did not follow that none believed it was not bad and sworn falsely. In proving the reputation of the prosecutor was bad, the defense intended to show that he had probable cause to bring the charge against him for which he (defendant) was indicted—for conspiracy. Objection was overruled.

Thomas F. Bulger testified that he was Cashier of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company; was not in the office in 1866; original telegrams are kept on May, 1866. Original telegrams signed to file in the office. Telegrams signed to file in the office. Telegrams signed to file in the office.

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30's.

Having made special arrangements with **Jay Cooke & Co.**, our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.

We are now prepared to convert the

SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Brokers in Government Securities,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, September 20, 1867.

—On the reports that the drain of currency to the country banks is a cause of the incipient stringency in the money market, the New York *Times* has the following:

"The national banks of the neighborhood cities are fully prepared for their quarterly statement to the Department at Washington on the 30th inst. Country national banks, east and west, have made no requisitions upon the New York banks for extra assistance, for the good reason, as a rule, they have not expanded their business between July and October more than they did between April and July. It is not to be forgotten that the 1st of September was made up with the utmost ease, and reflected a much stronger position than was anticipated,—to the disappointment of some rash speculators on the Stock Exchange, who, as late as the 2d of June, predicted what did and occurred,—a crash in money and a general failure of stocks before the statement was made good. Money was then 6@8 per cent., but not tight, and stocks went up 10 per cent., instead of down, as they had been trade during the quarter is now more active than in June and July but the position of the national banks is quite as free from embarrassment in preparing for making up their quarterly returns, and as little chargeable with imprudent management."

Gerrit A. Wicks & Co., the large dry goods firm who suspended payment some two months ago, have resumed business. On the failure, it was stated, they had called in and paid a million of twelve mos. acceptances, and the assets of twelve mos. appropriated who largely aided the affairs of the house, and reported the business as in a healthy condition. Wicks & Co. is the greatest consideration. The committee recommended that the creditors accept that Wicks & Co. pay 50 per cent. cash, and 50 per cent. The proposition Messrs. Wicks & Co. accepted, and after a struggle of two months the outstanding affairs (create a mounting, it is said, 75 per cent. of the indebtedness (house-old names) are settled, and the house—under its old name—opens with the accession of two new men and with additional capital.—*New York Shipping List.*

—The New York *Commercial* says that the banks having lost their redundancy of bank currency, and their reserves to the law, interest can be made in a larger proportion in legitimate, 3 feature of much importance, considering that quite a large fall in the rate for money in the Western crops has yet to come. The effect of the coming crops of over $40,000,000 in compound and plain notes within the next three months is also beginning to make itself felt, while it is noticeable whether the government may not redeem the October compounds in preference to substituting them by the 1 per cent. certificates. In view of the expectation entertained it is not surprising money must close yet, an effort is being made to induce the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase 7-30 notes in order to give ease to the market.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, September 20, 1867.

CRUDE—The market was exceedingly quiet to-day, but a single sale reported, 1200 barrels, to be delivered on first water, at 19¼c. There is demand, both for present and future delivery, but was very light to-day, but prices are without change. Spot oil may be quoted at 19c all the year 1867, seller's option, at 12@13½c; and same delivery, buyer's option, at 13½@13¾c—we are cognizant of an offer to sell 500 bbls, buyer's option, without finding a buyer. March and April, 1868, in absence of sales, may be quoted at 15½c, buyer's option. Telegrams from Oil City reported the market quiet there and quoted nominally at 64 50@64 60 per bbl.

REFINED—There was next to nothing done in casings outside to-day, and the market was dull and weak, and compared with yesterday prices ruled from one to one and a half cents lower. For instance, 43c was the best offer for September to-day, against sales at 44c yesterday; 44 bid for October, against sale at 45c yesterday at 3½, and 46c was the best figure for the last three months, against sales on Thursday at 34½. There was but a single sale reported to-day, 800 bbls for November, buyer's option, at 36½c. The Antwerp market is off one franc, 54, being the latest quotation, and this, as a matter of course, done something to enable holders to the depression which prevailed to-day.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchings Oil Co., 168 bbls refined to L. Wilcox, Philadelphia.

T. K. Petty, 92 do do to W. G. Warden, Philadelphia.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 188 do do to W. G. Warden, Philadelphia.

R. E. Long & Co., 47 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Union Ref. Co., 82 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Empire Works, 39 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lockhart & Frew, 324 barrels refined, Philadelphia.

Liberty Oil Works, 350 do do, to Brewer, Burke & Co., Philadelphia.

Lourean Oil Co., 47 do do, to Brewer, Burke & Co, Philadelphia.

PITTSBURGH METAL AND BLOOM MARKET—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, September 20, 1867.

The metal market presents no new features worthy of special notice. Stocks, especially of desirable brands, are comparatively light, but the demand is limited, while in prices, there is little or no change. A resumption of activity would doubtless infuse more life and animation into the iron business generally, which, at best, we fear will not be what it has been in years past. The following sales were reported:

ANTHRACITE.

100 tons Cold Short.....68 00—6 mos
100 " No 8 Anthracite.....47 00— cash
50 " No. 3 Josephene.....42 50— cash
50 " Neutral Josephene.....42 00—5 mos
100 " No. 1 Foundry.....45 00—6 mos

ANTHRACITE COAL, SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

54 tons Mahoning Valley Forge..$41 00—4 mos
50 " " " " " 37 00— cash
50 " Mahoning No. 1 Foundry..42 50—4 mos
100 " Medium Grey Forge.....41 00—6 mos
200 " Open Grey Forge.....42 50—4 mos
50 " Open Grey Forge.....42 50— "
100 " Cayuga Forge—at fur.....37 75— "
100 " Mixture with native ore..40 50— "
50 " Open Grey Forge.....42 50— "
50 " " " " " 42 50— "
50 " Blackbend No. 1 Foundry.45 00— "
50 " Blackband No. 2 Foundry.42 00— "

CHARCOAL.

60 tons Charcoal.....p. t.
50 " No. 1 Ironsdale Missouri....55 00—4 mos
50 " No. 1 Lake Superior.....52 00— "
25 " Juniata.....50 00— "

BLOOMS.

50 tons No. 1 Juniata.....$100 00—4 mos
50 " No. 1 Juniata.....100 00— "
50 " Champlain Steel Bars.....p. t.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 21.—Dry goods—The market is fairly active and firm for all staple styles of cotton goods, especially for the better and finer qualities, which are in request, though other kinds are rather easier. Standard Sheetings, 17@17½c; Calico, 14½c; Russet R. R. 13; No. 10, Stark A is reckoned at 18½; Medford sells at 16; Pepperell 9 4, and Lonsdale cambric, 20c; Clinton 4-blued muslin reduced to 15½; Bartlett, 30 inch, 10 1-4c; Portsmouth R, 11; Boott C, 12; Consolidated, 13. Prints rule 14@15c for fair to good grades; extra do, 16; Cocheco 12½; Baltic Corset Jeans 12; Laconia do, 16¼. Pemberton Canton Flannels, 24@25; Fruit-of-the-Loom brown do, 16, and bleached 20. Crosley's Brussels Carpets advanced to $1.85; Bigelow Brussels reduced to 2c, and Tapestry to 2c. Super cotton is a shade lower; Clark sells at $1.08 net; Willimantic at at 22.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, September 20.—Flour unchanged; double extra red winter at $10.50@11; double extra Amber at $11.75@12 00; treble extra $12.50@13.00. Wheat dull and inactive; extra white $2.30@2.35. Corn higher and light sales of No. 1 red Winter at $2.27@2.28 and closing firm. Corn dull and lower; small sales at $1.13 is offered in vessel 10c and $1.15 for No 1 mixed. Oats; the market is firmer at 69@70c for No. 1 State. Rye firm at $1.25@1.28 for No. 1 State. Barley is a fair demand and firm; No. 1 Canada held at $1.35@1.39, No. 2 do, $1.05@1.15 and No. 1 Canada $1.20@1.25. Petroleum very firm, but unchanged and with an upward tendency, refined very strong at 29c for standard white, and 27@28 for prime; light straw to white do. 26c; for light straw 25@26c for free.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, September 20.—Receipts—Flour, 6,000 bbls; wheat, 5,000 bus. Flour firm at $11.25 red, $10.25. Receipts—13,000 bu. Wheat, White Michigan and spring Wheat to be better. Amber and red advanced 2c per bu, but closed with the advance lost; sales of white Michigan at $2.29 per bu, amber Michigan, No. 1, spring, $2.26; No. 2 do, $2.22; No. 2 spring, $1.93; sales of amber for all the month at $2.30@2.31; and for the first half of October at $2.35. Corn—receipts, 14,276 bu, and about 5c better; No. 1, Wabash, held at $1.11½; No. 2, Wabash, at $1.09@1.10. Oats in 10 bbl lots, 74c; receipts, 2,700 bus; sales of No 1 at 72c; No. 2, 70c. Rye is a shade better; receipts, 200 bus; sales of No 1, at $1.25 per bu. Barley is dull at $1.10@1.15 for No 2; receipts, 700 bu. Lake freights are unchanged.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, September 20.—Beef cattle dull, at $3.00@5.00 for inferior to choice. Hogs active and 10c lower; at $5.00@5.50 for good to best grades. Sheep quiet and unchanged.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Andenauti, or other brands, and proposes to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Dunn Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering fall.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, September 20, 1867.

The general markets are steady and moderately active, there being a fair volume of business, in the aggregate, but the transactions are mainly of an unimportant character, while prices are without quotable change.

GRAIN—Wheat is scarce and firm, and prime Red would sell readily at $2.30, and might bring $2.35. Oats scarce, in demand and higher—we now quote at 68@70c, on track, and 65@67c, in store. Corn is firm but quiet; may be quoted at $1.20@1.25. Barley is coming in pretty freely, but the demand seems to keep pace with the supply; we now quote at $1.15@1.20 for Spring, and $1.25@1.30 for Fall.

FLOUR—Is quiet but steady, and prices are firm and well maintained, ranging from $10@10.50 for Spring Wheat, and $11@11.50 for Winter Wheat brands. Rye Flour is firm at $8, in store.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm, with a regular jobbing demand at full prices—14c cents for Shoulders; 17@18c for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 21½c for Plain Sugar Cured Hams, and 22@23c for Canvassed do. Lard is quoted at 14@14½c, and Mess Pork at $25.

APPLES—Come in slowly, and with a limited supply and a fair demand, prices are well maintained, ranging from $2 to $4.50 per bbl, for common to choice.

PEACHES—Continue to arrive very freely, and prices are still tending downward—we now quote at 75c to $1.50 per box.

GRAPES—Are selling at from 8@10c per lb—in cases.

EGGS—Are in rather better supply but prices remain unchanged at 22c for fresh packed.

BUTTER—Prime fresh Butter is scarce and in demand with sales at 28@30c—in small packages.

SEEDS—Sales of 80 bush. Flaxseed reported at $2.65, and 30 bush Timothy Seed at $4. No movement in Clover.

OIL—Lard oil is firm but unchanged at 90c for No. 2, and $1.08@1.10 for No. 1.

HAY—Is quiet and unchanged; sales from country wagons at $14@19 per ton, according to quality.

CHEESE—Is selling in a regular way at from 12½@13c, as to quality.

SWEET POTATOES—Sales of prime New Jersey Sweets at $5 per bbl.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 21.—Cotton dull and drooping, with sales of 700 bales at 34c for Middling Uplands, quiet at 34½c. Flour opened active and a shade firmer, but closed heavy, with a decline of 10@15c; sales, 12,000 bbls at $8.90@9.35 for superfine State and Western; $10.25@13 for Extra Western; $10.25@13 for Extra State; $10@11.25 for St. Louis; also 5,000 bbls Extra State for October at private terms; California without decided change; sales of 250 sacks and mixed at $11@13.50; sales of 450 bbls inferior to fancy at $7.75@9.75. Whiskey quiet and unchanged. Wheat opened firm and closed heavy and declining; sales, 90,000 bush; sales 305,000 bush at $2.29 for No 2 Spring; $2.26 for No 1 and spring mixed; $2.28 for Amber Michigan; $2.30@2.31 for Amber Red Illinois; $2.50 for Amber State; $2.48@2.50 for Amber Michigan; $2.60 for White Genesee; $2.60 for White Michigan; $2.60@2.80 for White California. Rye steady; sales 7,500 bush at $1.45@1.46 for Western; $1.48 for State; $1.50 for Jersey; Malting fair to good; sales 90,000 bush at $2.20 for No 2 Spring; $2.26 for No 1 and spring mixed; $2.28 for Amber Michigan; $2.30